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MICHIGAN

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

RULES AND LAWS.

1891.

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COLLEGE RULES.

[Adopted by the Faculty, March 3, 1891.]

RULES ON THE COURSE OF STUDY.

ADMISSION.

1. Candidates for the Freshman class must be not less than fifteen years of age, must present testimonials of good character and must sustain a satisfactory examination in arithmetic, geography, grammar, reading, spelling and penmanship; but any candidate who is over eighteen years of age may, at the beginning of the fall term, be conditionally admitted to the Freshman class without examination.

2. Candidates for admission into any more advanced class, must sustain an examination in all the the previous studies of the course.

3. Candidates for admission to the College are required, before matriculation, to sunder any outside military ties liable to conflict with College duties.

4. Students from other colleges must show a certificate of honorable dismissal or of honorable standing. They will receive credit for studies pursued in any college authorized to confer degrees (so far as the two courses are equivalent), upon presenting a certificate from the proper officer.

5. Each candidate shall be required to fill a blank furnished for the purpose, with the following statistics: name in full; age in years and months; postoffice address including county; native state; school last attended; time since leaving school; proposed course of study; means of support; proposed business; name of some person as reference; name and business of father or guardian.

6. The Examining Committee shall enter upon the blank of statistics filled by each student the results of his examination, and this paper so completed shall be received by the Secretary as entitling the candidate to matriculation and be placed on file in his office for entry in the Students' Record.

7. Full reports of the names of the candidates received or rejected with all conditions and recommendations, shall be made by the committee to the Faculty and these, as finally adopted, shall be spread upon the Faculty records.

CLASS STANDING AND EXAMINATION.

8. A record of each class shall be kept by the instructor, in which shall be entered, opposite each student's name, any absence excused or unexcused, any tardiness, and an estimate of each class exercise, upon a scale of 10 for perfect.

9. At or before each regular meeting of the Faculty a report shall be made by each officer to the President, of all unexcused absences from his exercises during the preceding week. Students reported as absent shall be notified by the President the same week, and if such absences are still unexcused at the next regular meeting of the Faculty, they shall be reported to the Faculty for record as misdemeanors and shall be recorded as failures in making up the average of class exercises. A tardiness shall be counted one-half an absence.

10. On the first regular meeting of the Faculty in each month, a report shall be made to the President of students failing to maintain a standing above 6, the exact average being given in each case.

11. An examination shall follow the completion of each particular course of study, at such time as the Faculty may direct; and any student who has been present at four-fifths of the class exercises, and whose average class mark together with his examination mark equals or exceeds 14 shall be passed in that study.

12. Students present at less than four-fifths of the class exercises in any study must pass a more extensive examination than the general one, with a mark of at least 7, and the class mark shall be reported.

13. Students who have been absent from, or have failed in any general examination, may receive a special examination in which a mark of at least 7 shall be required to pass.

14. For each special examination the student shall pay a fee of fifty cents to the Secretary, who shall give therefor a receipt. The instructor shall write upon the face of the receipt his name and the date, and shall report to the Secretary upon blanks prepared for the purpose the result of the examination for entry on the Students' Record.

15. No fee shall be exacted for entrance examinations for advanced standing, provided application for such examination was made at the time that the student entered college, nor shall a fee be required for examinations taken with a regular class.

16. Students desiring special examination, in any study, which they have not pursued with a class here may receive it only by direction of the Faculty, but the professor of mechanics may give special examinations in shop work at his discretion.

Students having to leave college to teach school may be given a special examination at the time when the review begins.

17. It shall be the duty of the instructor upon discovering that a student fails to pass in any study, to notify both the student so failing and the President; but the standing of no student shall be divulged before the general examination, except as provided in rule No. 10.

18. Within one week after each general examination the instructor shall report to the Faculty, upon blanks prepared for the purpose, the whole number of class exercises, and opposite the name of each student exam-

ined an average of his class marks, his examination mark and (if he has been present at four-fifths of the exercises) the sum of the two, the number of absences excused and unexcused, his class deportment marked upon a scale of 10 for perfect, and lateness of entering. This report shall be filed in the Secretary's office and entered by items in the Students' Record.

19. A student leaving College without an examination in studies he has pursued during the term cannot re-enter his class, except by special vote of the Faculty, until he has passed examination in all but one of the studies he has pursued with classes here. A student absent for a term shall enter those classes only, to which he is admitted by vote of the Faculty.

20. There shall be recorded against each student in the Students' Record any vote of censure or discipline the Faculty may have passed upon him, or may have approved.

RANK.

21. Students conditioned in Grammar must make it up within six weeks or be dropped from the class in Essentials of English.

22. Students not in select courses shall be catalogued in the class with which they take two studies unless the Faculty order otherwise.

23. No student shall rank with the Junior Class who is deficient in more than two studies; and none shall rank with the Senior Class who is deficient in more than one study, except by special vote of the Faculty fixing a limit of time within which such deficiencies shall be made good.

24. Students who have failed to pass in two full-term studies or their equivalent shall not enter upon new studies with their class until they have passed examination in one of them, but may drop back a year in the course or leave College, at their option.

SELECT COURSE.

25. Persons of suitable age and acquirements who desire to pursue one or more of the branches of study more closely related to agriculture may be admitted to such select studies as they are qualified to pursue, after passing the examination required to enter the Freshman year.

26. Any student desiring to change from the regular to a select course, can do so only by consent of the Faculty, and at the beginning of a term.

27. No student failing in the regular course will be allowed to take up studies in a select course in advance of the class with which he failed.

28. Lady students may substitute for surveying some equivalent study.

29. Students permanently excused from drill may substitute for military tactics some equivalent study.

30. Students in select courses shall have rhetorical exercises with the Freshmen, unless otherwise ordered by the President.

31. Students not ranked with the Senior or Junior Classes shall not be allowed to share in the public exercises of those classes.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

32. In the selection of class orators for commencement the number of speakers, from the agricultural and mechanical departments respectively,

shall be proportioned to the number of students who have completed their studies up to the close of the fall term of the senior year.

33. The quota of commencement orators in the respective departments shall be filled by the students having the highest average of class and examination marks as determined by the official record up to the close of the fall term of the senior year. In case of a tie in filling the quota the tie shall be decided by lot.

34. The commencement program shall designate the speaker as representing the agricultural or mechanical departments and shall also state the basis upon which the speakers are selected.

35. The speakers shall appear upon the program in alphabetical order.

RULES ON GENERAL CONDUCT.

ABSENCE FROM COLLEGE.

36. Resident students shall not be absent from College premises on any evening except Friday or Saturday without the written permission of the President, unless for a special occasion the President has announced a general excuse for all students.

37. Leave of absence from College is to be obtained of the President; in the absence of the President, however, application is to be made to some other member of the Faculty previously designated by the President.

38. A leave of absence from College shall not be considered an excuse from any class exercise, or from work, but such leave shall be obtained beforehand from each officer in charge of the exercises the student would lose by his absence.

39. When an officer does not excuse from his exercises a student holding a leave of absence from the President, such absences shall be recorded in the record of class standing only, and shall not be treated as misdemeanors.

40. Voters are excused, so far as may be necessary, to enable them to vote at any State or national election.

41. Students who are absent from College for a longer time than was named in the leave of absence or who are absent at the first of a term without leave, must present their excuses either personally or in writing to the Faculty.

ASSIGNMENT AND CARE OF ROOMS.

42. The assignment of rooms to students shall be in the control of the President.

43. No student shall change from one room to another without the approval of the President.

44. A student will be declared to have vacated his claim to his room during the Winter vacation unless he renew his application for it by letter to the President during the month of February and preceding the opening of the Spring term.

45. Every student shall deposit with the Secretary one dollar and receive from him a receipt therefor and a key to the room assigned him. At the close of the Autumn term or on his leaving College the dollar shall be returned to the student on his returning the key and receipt.

46. At the close of the Autumn term, or whenever a student leaves College for an absence of more than a month, he shall return his key to the Secretary, distinctly marked with the number of his room.

47. Students are not permitted to put locks on the doors of their rooms, or put up shelving, or drive nails in the walls, except under the supervision of the President.

ORDER.

48. It is expected and desired that all students shall attend the morning chapel exercises at which all official announcements are made.

49. It is expected of every student that he will be a gentleman at all times and places, orderly in his habits, respecting the rights of others and thus securing his own; that he will attend all college exercises, and that he will heartily coöperate with the Faculty to secure the objects for which the College was established.

50. The College recognizes the "Students' Government" as a part of the government of the College.

51. The rules of the "Students' Government," when approved by the Faculty and announced to the students, shall form a part of the laws for the government of the College.

52. The Faculty retain the authority to take cognizance in their discretion of any case of misdoings brought to their notice.

53. The Faculty reserve the right to resume the authority granted to the Students' Government whenever it shall fail properly to perform its functions, or to maintain good order.

54. No expelled person or student under sentence of suspension shall be permitted to remain upon the College grounds.

55. No societies or clubs shall be formed in the College for any purpose whatever, unless a statement of the designs of such associations, the constitutions and rules by which they propose to be governed, and their hours of meeting, shall have been previously submitted to the Faculty, and shall have been approved by them.

56. College societies and clubs shall at all times be subject to the direction of the Faculty, and no change in their constitution or hours of meeting shall be made without the approval of the Faculty.

57. College societies shall be conducted for the literary, scientific or moral advancement of their members. If any society perverts this basic idea and discards literary or scientific exercises to become a social club instead of a college society the use of the rooms occupied by such society may be withdrawn.

58. Each society shall be required to submit each term to the President of the College a synopsis of their literary work during that term.

59. But one delegate may be sent by any society to general assemblies or conventions which necessitate as much as a full week's absence from

College duties and such delegate must stand above 9 in each of the studies of the term.

60. Class meetings must not be held after 6 o'clock p. m.

61. Permission to use any College room for a class meeting must be obtained of the President of the College before the meeting is called.

62. All interference by any student with a meeting of any class except his own is a serious offense.

63. There shall be no games, noisy laughter or boisterous noise on the Sabbath, but students shall observe the quiet and decorum suitable to the proper observance of the day.

64. No student shall bring upon the College premises or use any spirituous or intoxicating liquors; nor shall he upon any pretext visit any saloon or place of dissipation.

65. Smoking is prohibited on the College campus and in the halls and public rooms of any College building; nor shall tobacco or cigars be sold on the premises.

66. Students shall be held responsible for any damage done to the rooms they occupy.

67. No student shall keep a pistol in his room, or carry concealed weapons on his person.

68. No student shall sell or keep for sale in rooms on the College premises anything except books, stationery and supplies for athletic sports.

69. Shooting with guns or pistols on any part of the College grounds, farm or fields is prohibited, except under military orders.

70. Students shall not play a game of ball with persons who are not students, unless permission to do so shall have been given by the Faculty previous to any challenge given or accepted.

71. Ball playing of all kinds shall be confined to the parade ground or to such places as shall be designated by the President.

72. Filling a lamp with kerosene when it is burning or after dark is forbidden.

73. Vocal and instrumental music, loud talking, play, and games in or about the buildings are prohibited during study hours as given in the Catalogue.

74. No person shall teach a class at the College for compensation without the permission of the Faculty.

75. Students shall have nothing to do with the help employed by the boarding clubs except in so far as is rendered necessary by the taking of meals or by specially assigned duties.

RULES ON LABOR.

76. The afternoon exercises, including labor, in shop and elsewhere, and drill are as much a compulsory part of the course as are the morning class room exercises, for all students of the College, including those resident in Lansing or elsewhere.

77. The Agricultural Sophomores shall be assigned for work to the Agricultural Department.

78. The Agricultural Juniors shall be assigned for work to the Horticultural Department.

79. Seniors during the last four weeks preceding their graduation may labor or not as they may severally elect.

80. Students in the Sophomore and Junior classes who are elected stewards of boarding clubs shall not for this reason be excused from work on the farm or garden.

81. Students for special duties shall, unless by special Faculty vote, be selected from the Senior and Freshmen classes, or Specials. They shall be appointed to their duties by the President.

82. At the commencement of each term students shall be assigned by the President to departments for work during the term.

83. The President shall furnish the various officers having charge of work with the list of students assigned to them, twelve hours before they are to report for work.

84. Students shall be marked in the several departments of manual labor and in the military discipline and drill, for their attendance, attentiveness and efficiency; and they shall be required to have a grade of proficiency for each prescribed term's labor or drill in order to graduate, unless excused for cause from such exercise.

85. The chief of each department in which labor or drill is performed shall furnish a record of the markings required by the preceding rule to the Secretary of the College who shall enter them in the student's record.

86. Excuse from College duties on account of physical disability will be granted only on the recommendation of a reputable physician designated by the Faculty.

87. All labor shall be returned to the Secretary,

RULES ON THE LIBRARY.

CARE OF THE LIBRARY.

88. A record of books drawn from the Library shall include the name of the person drawing, the title of the book, and the date of drawing and of returning.

89. No loud conversation or laughter or other disturbance shall be allowed in the Library, and the general convenience of readers shall be promoted by good order.

USE OF THE LIBRARY.

90. Members of the faculty, resident graduates, students and employés of the College shall be entitled to the use of the Library.

91. Books of Class First may be drawn from the Library only by members of the Faculty.

92. Books of Class Second may be drawn by members of the Faculty, by students and by residents.

93. No persons except members of the Faculty are permitted to have more than one book from the Library at one time.

94. No book is to be retained for a longer time than four weeks; but it may be redrawn, unless another person has previously registered his name for it.

95. The current number of a periodical may not be removed from the Library, and back numbers may be drawn only by members of the Faculty.

96. Newspapers must not be removed from the reading desks, or the files, except under the direction of the Librarian.

97. All books must be returned to the Library on or before the last Saturday in each term.

98. Every person drawing or returning books is required to fill out a blank giving his name, the date, and the title and volume of the book.

99. Books returned are to be placed on the Librarian's desk.

100. Students desiring to carry away for vacation a book of Class Second may be allowed to do so by the Librarian upon deposit of a book, or of the set, if it be a set.

STUDENTS' ORGANIZATION.

CONSTITUTION.

[As amended by a joint committee of the Faculty and Students' organization Nov. 7, 1890, and subsequently accepted and adopted by both bodies.]

PREAMBLE.—We, the students of the Michigan State Agricultural College, in order to form a more perfect organization, for maintaining our paper, managing the Students' Government, and facilitating the transaction of any other business that may properly come before us, do adopt the following constitution:

ARTICLE I. NAME.—This body shall be known as the Students' Organization.

ARTICLE II. OFFICERS.—The officers of this organization shall consist of a President, Vice President, and Secretary and Treasurer, and a legal board of six members.

ARTICLE III. DUTIES.—SEC. 1. The duties of the officers of this organization shall be the same as the duties of similar officers in other organizations.

SEC. 2.—The President, Secretary, and legal board of this organization shall perform the duties required of them by the Students' Government.

ARTICLE IV. TERM OF OFFICE.—The officers shall hold their office one College year, and shall be elected on the Friday preceding the last Friday of each school year.

ARTICLE V. MEMBERSHIP.—Every student of the College, in honorable standing, is a member of the Students' Organization.

ARTICLE VI. TAX.—A tax may at any time be levied on the members of the organization by a vote of two-thirds of the members present at any regularly called meeting.

ARTICLE VII. NOTICE.—Public notice of each meeting shall be given at the regular morning College chapel exercise, or in each of the clubs at meal time, within two days next preceding such meeting.

ARTICLE VIII. For all points not herein named, Cushing's Manual shall be authority.

ARTICLE IX.—A quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of the Students' Organization.

ARTICLE X. AMENDMENTS.—Amendments to this Constitution shall be presented to the organization in writing; they shall lie on the table for two weeks, and shall only be adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members present at the meeting.

STUDENTS' GOVERNMENT.

CONSTITUTION.

Amended and ratified November, 1890, in the same manner as the constitution of the Students' Organization.

ARTICLE I. OBJECT.—The prime object shall be the maintenance of good order on the College premises, and the general comfort of students in pursuit of study.

ARTICLE II. WARDS.—The halls used as dormitories shall be designated and divided as follows:

District No. 1, Williams Hall, divided into three wards, by floors—Ward No. 1 being the 1st floor, Ward No. 2 being the 2d floor, Ward No. 3 being the 3d floor.

District No. 2, Wells Hall, divided into three wards numbered 1, 2 and 3, from east to west.

District No. 3, Abbot Hall, divided into two wards, by floors—Ward No. 1 being the 1st floor, Ward No. 2 being the 2d floor.

ARTICLE III. OFFICERS.—SEC. 1. The President, Secretary and Legal Board of the Students' Organization shall act as President, Secretary and Legal Board for the Students' Government.

SEC. 2. Each district shall elect by ballot, on the second Saturday of each term, a Captain residing in the district.

SEC. 3. All of the above officers shall be installed by the approval of the President of the College. No student under censure shall be eligible to office.

SEC. 4. In case any district fail to elect its Captain at the appointed time, or within three days thereafter, said officer shall be appointed by the President of the College, and the President and Secretary of the Students' Government.

SEC. 5. In case any Captain fails to maintain good order in his district he may be removed by the President of the College, and the President and Secretary of the Students' Government, and a new election ordered.

ARTICLE IV. DUTIES OF OFFICERS.—SEC. 1. The President of the Students' Government shall do all in his power to maintain good order on the College premises at all times; shall report to the President of the College all cases coming to his knowledge of failure on the part of Captains to perform their duties; shall arrange for all trials; shall act as judge at all trials; in case of the absence of the Secretary shall perform the duties of that officer and shall appoint the hour and place for each election of Cap-

tain, and, with the Secretary, shall have immediate charge of all such elections.

SEC. 2. The Secretary shall act as the clerk of the court, shall report the result of all trials to the Faculty, shall report the results of all elections, or appointments of officers to the Faculty at its next regular meeting; shall see that all students are duly notified of the time and place for the election of officers and for other meetings; shall inform all officers of their election, selection or appointment; and in the absence of the President shall perform the duties of that officer.

SEC. 3. Each Captain shall appoint for each ward of his district a Lieutenant residing within the ward.

SEC. 4. Every Captain and Lieutenant shall make it their first duty to prevent all disturbance within their jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of each and all of these officers to secure a gentlemanly deportment from all students everywhere about the grounds, and especially toward visitors.

SEC. 6. All cases of wilful disregard of rules of good order they shall report immediately to the President of the Students' Government.

SEC. 7. All the Captains and the President of the Students' Government shall meet each week for consultation with the President of the College as to the general order.

SEC. 8. If the President of the College and the President of the Students' Government decide that any misdemeanor should be referred immediately to the Faculty without trial by the Students' Government, such case shall be so referred.

SEC. 9. Any member of the Legal Board shall act as counsel for the prosecution at the request of the Captain, who reports the person to be tried, or for the defense, if requested to do so by the person to be put on trial, if he be not the one already chosen for the prosecution.

ARTICLE V. RULES OF TRIAL.—SEC. 1. *Jury*. Any person accused shall be tried before a jury to consist of six persons, who shall be drawn as follows: The names of all the students of the College, excepting those of the officers indicated above, shall be kept by the President of the Students' Government in a box, and said President shall draw out, in the presence of the accused, of the two counsels in the case, and the Secretary, at some previously designated time and place, the names of twelve persons.

In case the name of the person to be tried, or that of any student absent from the College is drawn, others shall be drawn until the requisite number is secured.

The counsel for the prosecution and the counsel for the defense shall then each alternately strike a name from this list until the number is reduced to six, who shall constitute the jury.

The Secretary shall at once notify the jurymen of their appointment, and of the place and time when the trial shall be held.

SEC. 2. *Testimony*. Testimony of any competent witness may be taken, and the accused may be personally examined. Any member of the jury may give testimony and shall not thereby be debarred from voting on the case.

SEC. 3. *Verdict*. Verdict and penalty shall be decided by a majority

vote of the jury, in close session, the President of the Students' Government having the casting vote in case of a tie.

ARTICLE VI. PENALTIES. SEC. 1. The penalties shall consist of a definite number of marks of demerit upon the records of the Secretary of the College.

SEC. 2. An accumulation of five such marks shall bring a private warning from the President of the College; ten marks shall bring a second warning, with a notification of the fact to the friends; fifteen marks shall be attended with a request for his withdrawal from College.

ARTICLE VII. RECORDS.—The records of all trials shall be kept by the Secretary of the Students' Government and within one week submitted to the Faculty for approval.

ARTICLE VIII. APPEAL AND PARDON.—The Faculty shall reserve the right to hear appeals or to rectify all cases when necessary; also, to pardon and expunge demerit marks after proof of subsequent good conduct.

ARTICLE IX. AMENDMENTS.—Amendments to this Constitution shall be presented to the Organization in writing; they shall lie on the table for two weeks and shall only be adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members present at the meeting.

CLUB BOARDING ASSOCIATION.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I. The Association shall be known as the Club Boarding Association.

ARTICLE II. SEC. 1. The members of the Association shall consist of all persons holding Boarding Club Certificates.

SEC. 2. Only members of the Association shall be entitled to the benefits of the equalization of board.

SEC. 3. After the adoption of this Constitution, a fee of one dollar (\$1.00) shall be charged for a certificate entitling the member to board in the thereupon designated Club. These certificates are not transferable from person to person nor from club to club.

ARTICLE III. SEC. 1. The officers of this Association shall be the President and Secretary of the Students' Organization; and the Secretary of the College, who shall act as the general Treasurer of the Association.

SEC. 2. The duty of the Treasurer shall be to hold in trust all moneys of the Association as deposited by the Stewards, and pay out the same on demand of the respective Stewards.

ARTICLE IV. No Club shall receive as a member any person who has failed to comply with the requirements of any other Club.

ARTICLE V. SEC. 1. New students and those expecting to enter College, shall be temporarily assigned, equally to all the Clubs, by the President of the College.

SEC. 2. Students temporarily assigned shall be governed by the same rules as those permanently assigned.

ARTICLE VI. SEC. 1. The Clubs shall be designated by letters.

SEC. 2. Each club shall elect a Steward whose term of office shall be one College term.

SEC. 3. The election of Steward shall be by ballot, and held four weeks preceding the end of the term. The election of Steward must be approved by the President of the College.

SEC. 4. The duties of the Steward shall be to collect all moneys; sell Club certificates; give receipts and keep the accounts of the Club in full; make all purchases; approve and pay all bills; engage the services of a competent cook; see that the meals are properly served; estimate and assess the price of board per term. He shall not allow the stock of the Club to deteriorate in value. The entire management of the Club shall be

in his hands, and he shall do that which in his judgment is for the best interest of the Club.

SEC. 5. If any club cannot accommodate all who hold club certificates for that club the Steward shall return the certificate money of such members as are forced to change.

SEC. 6. No student who has not been at the College at least one year shall hold the office of Steward, and no Senior during the summer term.

SEC. 7. For his services the Steward shall have his board free.

SEC. 8. By a vote of two-thirds of all the members of any Club, the Steward may be impeached.

SEC. 9. Any member of the Boarding Club Association, upon purchasing a certificate to a new club must surrender the old certificate to the Steward of the club which he wishes to enter.

ARTICLE VII. SEC. 1. The Association, two weeks before the end of each term, shall elect an Auditing Committee consisting of three members. Vacancies may be filled at any time by the Association.

SEC. 2. Their duty shall be to examine the books of the Stewards, not less than once each week. They shall accept no accounts unless accompanied by proper bills. They shall, the first of each month and two weeks before the close of each term, make a written report to the Association.

SEC. 3. They shall be paid at the rate of twelve and one-half ($12\frac{1}{2}$) cents per hour for time actually employed. This amount to be assessed equally among the several Clubs.

ARTICLE VIII. SEC. 1. Each member of the Association shall be required to deposit twenty dollars (\$20) at the beginning of each term with the Steward of his Club.

SEC. 2. The Steward of any Club is forbidden to allow members to remain in his Club, unless they keep deposited with him the price of one week's board in advance; and new members of the Students' Organization, unless they, within five (5) days after entering the Club, procure Boarding Club Certificates for the specified Club.

SEC. 3. Section 2 of this article may be suspended in individual cases, by a two-thirds vote of the club concerned.

SEC. 4. Any Steward on allowing a member of the Students' Organization to remain in his Club longer than six consecutive days without holding a Club Certificate for the specified club, and not being able to give proper reasons for so doing, shall be held responsible for the certificate, and as a penalty shall be required to pay the price of the certificate, and if the Steward refuses to pay the price of the certificate, or if this occurs twice without proper reasons, he shall be expelled from his office of Steward by the Students' Organization.

ARTICLE IX. SEC. 1. All clubs shall be in running order the day preceding the opening of each term, except at the opening of the spring term, when there shall be at least three clubs in running order.

SEC. 2. At the opening of the spring term of 1885, Clubs A, B, and C shall be opened, and at each successive spring term the next three clubs in order, *i. e.*, D, E, F, etc.

SEC. 3. By a majority vote of the Association, Section 2 of this Article may be so changed as to suit the convenience of the several Stewards.

ARTICLE X. SEC. 1. During the spring and summer vacations there shall be at least one club running.

SEC. 2. The Stewards shall decide which of the several clubs are to run during this time and shall announce it to the Association two weeks before the close of the term.

ARTICLE XI. Amendments to this constitution shall be presented to the Association in writing; they shall lie on the table two weeks and shall be adopted by a majority vote of the Association.

BY-LAWS.

PREAMBLE. For the more perfect organization and thorough management of the several Clubs, the following by-laws are adopted:

ARTICLE I. The Clubs recognize their Stewards as their authorized agents and hold themselves responsible for all debts contracted for the Clubs.

ARTICLE II. SEC. 1. All persons not members of the Association shall be charged twenty-five cents for a single meal or fifty cents per day of three meals, unless other arrangements are made with the Steward, or unless they are the guests of a member of the Club, in which instance said member shall pay for their board at the rate of fifteen cents a meal or forty cents per day of three meals.

SEC. 2. Any members who are regularly absent two or more days per week, and notify the Steward at the opening of the term, shall have those days deducted.

SEC. 3. Irregular absences of more than four consecutive days shall be deducted when the Steward is previously notified of the departure of the member.

SEC. 4. The Steward shall be allowed to use his judgment in making arrangements for regular extras.

ARTICLE III. Amendments can be made in the same manner as to the constitution.

ARTICLE IV. Any Club may specify at the beginning of the term the desired cost of board.

LAWS RELATING TO THE COLLEGE.

CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS.

The State Agricultural College of Michigan was established in obedience to a requisition of the Revised Constitution of the State, adopted August 15, 1850, in Article 13, as follows:

"SEC. 11. The Legislature shall encourage the promotion of intellectual, scientific, and agricultural improvement; and shall, as soon as practicable, provide for the establishment of an agricultural school. The Legislature may appropriate the twenty-two sections of Salt Spring Lands now unappropriated, or the money arising from the sale of the same, where such lands have been already sold, and any land which may hereafter be granted or appropriated for such purpose, for the support and maintenance of such school, and may make the same a branch of the University for instruction in agriculture and the natural sciences connected therewith, and place the same under the supervision of the Regents of the University."

ACT OF ORGANIZATION.

The act of organization of the State Agricultural College was approved February 12, 1855, and provided:

SEC. 1. That the president and executive committee of the State Agricultural Society be authorized to select and purchase, subject to the approval of the State Board of Education, a location and site for a State Agricultural School to embrace not less than 500 nor more than 1,000 acres in one body, to be within 10 miles of Lansing, to cost not more than \$15 per acre, and of which the title should be vested in the State of Michigan.

*SEC. 2. That twenty-two sections of Salt Spring Lands be appropriated for the purposes of the act.

SECS. 3 and 4. That the School be under the direction and supervision of the State Board of Education; that its name and style be the Agricultural College of the State of Michigan and that its chief purpose and design be to improve and teach the science and practice of agriculture.

SEC. 5. What should be the course of instruction and that tuition should be free to pupils from this State.

SEC. 6. That the terms should be from the first Wednesday in April to the last Wednesday in October and from the first Wednesday in December to the last Wednesday in February.

* The minimum price for these lands, \$56,320, was paid over at once to the State Board of Education for the College.

SEC. 7. That during the long term labor should be compulsory to all students.

SECS. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13. Details of government, etc.

ACT OF REORGANIZATION.

An act of reorganization was approved March 15, 1861, by which a State Board of Agriculture was created and the care of the College placed in their hands. As amended, the law now stands as follows, references being to Howell's Annotated Statutes 1882, and to the laws of later years.

CHAPTER 194.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

State board of
agriculture
established.

Members, and
how appointed.

Body corporate.

Vacancy.

Compensation.

Meeting of the
board.

§ 4977. (3532.) 1861, p. 307, Mar. 15, Act 188; Am. 1871, p. 301, April 17, Act 180; 1873, p. 194, April 24, July 31, Act 145.

SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact,* That a board is hereby constituted and established which shall be known under the name and style of the "State board of agriculture." It shall consist of six members besides the governor of the State and the president of the State agricultural college, who shall be *ex officio* members of the board; the governor, by and with the consent of the senate, on or before the third Wednesday of January of each biennial session, shall appoint two suitable persons to fill the vacancies that shall next occur, which vacancies shall be so filled that at least one-half the members shall be practical agriculturalists.

§ 4978. (3533.) SEC. 2. The State board of agriculture shall be a body corporate, capable in law of suing and being sued, of taking, holding and selling personal and real estate, of contracting and being contracted with, of having and using a corporate seal, and of causing to be done all things necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

§ 4979. (3534.) SEC. 3. Any vacancy in the said board, caused by death, resignation or removal from the State, may be filled by a majority of the members. A majority shall be a quorum for the transaction of business. The members of the board shall receive no per diem compensation for their services, but shall be paid their traveling and other expenses while employed on the business of the board.

§ 4980. (3535.) Am. 1873, p. 194, April 24, July 31, Act 145. SEC. 4. They shall meet quarterly at stated times at the State agricultural college, and may meet at such other times and places as they may determine.

§ 4977. "An act to re-organize the agricultural college of the State of Michigan, and to establish a State board of agriculture;" No. 188, Mar. 15, 1861, p. 307.

CHAPTER 194. NOTE.—Act 130, Feb. 12, 1855, p. 279, provides for a State agricultural school.

Act 142, Feb. 16, 1857, amends section 2 of the above act.

Act 235, Feb. 15, 1859, page 871, makes additional provisions for the school; all these are superseded by this chapter 194; and for repeal, see § 5012.

§ 4981. (3536.) SEC. 5. At their first meeting the members shall choose one of their number as president of their own board.

President.

§ 4982. (3537.) SEC. 6. At their first meeting, or as soon after as a competent and suitable person can be obtained, they shall choose a secretary of the board. If chosen from their own number, a vacancy shall be thus created in the board. A treasurer shall also be chosen, at their first meeting, who may or may not be from the members of their board, as they shall determine. They shall take such bonds from the secretary and treasurer as shall be deemed adequate to secure the faithful performance of their duties by those respective officers. The secretary and treasurer shall be chosen biennially, and shall hold their offices for two years from the last Wednesday of February, or till their successors are chosen.

Secretary and Treasurer.

Bonds.

§ 4983. (3538.) SEC. 7. The board shall direct the disposition of any moneys appropriated to the State agricultural college.

§ 4984. (3539.) SEC. 8. The secretary of the board shall reside at or near the agricultural college, and keep his office at the city of Lansing, in the State buildings, or at the institution, as the board shall direct. It shall be his duty to keep a record of the transactions of the State board of agriculture, and of the State agricultural college and farms, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of any citizens of this State. He shall also have the custody of all books, papers, documents and other property which may be deposited in his office, including specimens of the vegetable and animal kingdoms of the State or counties; also keep and file all reports which may be made from time to time by county and State agricultural and horticultural societies, and all correspondence of the office from other persons and societies appertaining to the general business of husbandry; address circulars to societies, and the best practical farmers in the State and elsewhere, with the view of eliciting information upon the newest and best mode of culture of those products, vegetables, trees, etc., adapted to the soil and climate of this State; also, on all subjects connected with field culture, horticulture, stock-raising and the dairy. He shall also encourage the formation of agricultural societies throughout the State, and purchase, receive and distribute such rare and valuable seeds, plants, shrubbery and trees, as it may be in his power to procure from the general government and other sources, as may be adapted to our climate and soils. He shall also encourage the importation of improved breeds of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and other live stock, and the invention and improvement of labor-saving implements of husbandry, and diffuse information in relation to the same. He shall encourage such domestic industry and household arts as are calculated to promote the general thrift, wealth and resources of the State. To effect these objects he shall correspond with the patent office at Washington, and representatives of our national government abroad, and if possible procure valuable contributions to agriculture

Secretary and office.

Duty to keep record of the board.

To have custody of the books, etc.

To file reports of agricultural societies.

Various duties.

from these sources. He shall aid, as far as possible, in obtaining contributions to the museums and the library of the State agricultural college, and thus aid in the promotion of agriculture, science and literature.

Distribution of
seeds, plants,
etc.

§ 4985. (3540.) SEC. 9. The seeds, plants, trees and shrubbery received by the secretary, and not needed by the college, shall be, so far as possible, distributed equally throughout the State, and placed in the hands of those farmers and others who will agree to cultivate them properly, and return to the secretary's office a reasonable proportion of the products thereof, with a full statement of the mode of cultivation, and such other information as may be necessary to ascertain their value for general cultivation in the State. Information in regard to agriculture may be published by him, from time to time, in the newspapers of the State, provided it does not involve any expense to the State.

SEC. 10. *Am. 1861, p. 37; repealed 1873, p. 214, April 25, July 31, Act 157.*

Compensation.

§ 4986. (3542.) SEC. 11. The secretary shall receive, as a compensation for his services, a salary of one thousand dollars per annum, to be paid quarterly from the State treasury, in the same manner as is provided by law for the payment of the salaries of State officers.

Appropriation.

§ 4987. (3543.) SEC. 12. The sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum, for the years eighteen hundred and sixty-one and eighteen hundred and sixty-two, or so much thereof as may be esteemed necessary by the State board of agriculture, is also hereby appropriated, to meet the expenses which may be incurred in the purchase and transportation of seeds, postage, and the other contingent expenses of the office of the secretary and also necessary to pay the expenses of the board in attendance upon their duties.

The State agricultural college.

§ 4988. (3544.) SEC. 13. The State agricultural school, established by act number one hundred thirty, session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-five, in obedience to section eleven, of article thirteen, of the constitution, shall be known by the name and style of "the State agricultural college;" the design of the institution in fulfillment of the injunction of the constitution, is to afford thorough instruction in agriculture, and the natural sciences connected therewith; to effect that object most completely, the institution shall combine physical with intellectual education, and shall be a high seminary of learning, in which the graduate of the common school can commence, pursue and finish a course of study, terminating in thorough theoretic and practical instruction in those sciences and arts which bear directly upon agriculture and kindred industrial pursuits.

Design of the
institution.

Requisites for
admission.

§ 4989. (3545.) SEC. 14. No student shall be admitted to the institution who is not fifteen years of age, and who does not pass a satisfactory examination in arithmetic, geography, grammar, reading, spelling and penmanship.

Sec. 10, repealed, required annual reports from the Secretary of the board to the Governor and Legislature. For requirements instead, see law as to reports, on a subsequent page of this pamphlet.

§ 4990. (3546.) SEC. 15. The course of instruction shall embrace the English language and literature, mathematics, civil engineering, agricultural chemistry, animal and vegetable anatomy and physiology, the veterinary art, entomology, geology, and such other natural sciences as may be prescribed, technology, political, rural and household economy, horticulture, moral philosophy, history, book-keeping, and especially the application of science and the mechanical arts to practical agriculture in the field. Course of

§ 4991. (3547.) SEC. 16. A full course of study in the institution shall embrace not less than four years. The State board of agriculture may institute winter courses of lectures, for others than students of the institution, under necessary rules and regulations. Full course of study.

§ 4992. (3548.) *Am. 1871, p. 301, April 17, Act 180.* SEC. 17. The academical year shall consist of not less than nine calendar months. This academical year may be divided into such terms by the State board of agriculture, as, in their judgment, will best secure the objects for which the college was founded; the board may, at any time temporarily suspend the college in case of fire, the prevalence of fatal diseases, or other unforeseen calamity. Academical year.

§ 4993. (3549.) SEC. 18. Three hours of each day shall be devoted by every student of the college to labor upon the farm, and no person shall be exempt except for physical disability. By a vote of the board of agriculture, at such seasons and in such exigencies as demand it, the hours of labor may be increased to four hours, or diminished to two and one-half hours. Temporary suspension of college.

§ 4994. (3550.) SEC. 19. The State board of agriculture shall be vested with discretion to charge tuition or not, as they may deem most conducive to the interests of the institution, unless acts of the legislature, making appropriations for its support, shall otherwise direct. *The board may make discriminations in regard to tuition between students from this State and from other states. One-third of the tuition charged for the academic term shall be paid in advance, and shall be forfeited in case the student abandons the institution. Hours of labor.

§ 4995. (3551.) SEC. 20. The State board of agriculture shall have the general control and supervision of the State agricultural college, the farm pertaining thereto, and the lands which may be vested in the college by State legislation; of all appropriations made by the State, for the support of the same, and also the management of any lands that may hereafter be donated by the general government to this State, in trust for the promotion of agriculture and industrial pursuits. The board shall have plenary power to adopt all such ordinances, by-laws and regulations, not in conflict with this act, as they may deem necessary to secure the successful operation of the college, and promote its designated objects. Tuition.

* In the appropriation act of 1887, being act No. 134, page 143, it is *Provided*, That it shall be the duty of the State Board of Agriculture to fix such tuition fee for non-resident students as shall in its judgment compensate for the extra expense of accommodating such students. Powers of board.

President and
professors of
the institution.

§ 4996. (3552.) SEC. 21. It shall be the duty of the State board of agriculture to choose a president of the State agricultural college before the commencement of the next term of the institution; they shall then proceed to choose such professors, tutors, and employes, as the necessities of the institution demand. In case of vacancy in the office of president, or in case a suitable man cannot be selected, the president of the State board of agriculture, or such member of the board as shall be designated by them, shall be president *pro tem.* of the college, who shall receive such compensation for his services as the board shall determine.

Salaries.

§ 4997. (3553.) SEC. 22. The board shall fix the salaries of the president, professors and other employes, and prescribe their respective duties. The board may remove the president or subordinate officers, and supply all vacancies.

Board may
regulate the
course.

§ 4998. (3554.) SEC. 23. The board shall have power to regulate the course of instruction, and prescribe, with the advice of the faculty, the books to be used in the institution; and also to confer, for similar or equal attainments, similar degrees or testimonials to those conferred by the university of Michigan.

Faculty.

§ 4999. (3555.) SEC. 24. The president, professors, farm manager and tutors, shall constitute the faculty of the State agricultural college. The president of the college shall be the president of the faculty. The secretary of the State board of agriculture shall be a member and secretary of the faculty.

Faculty to pass
rules, etc.

§ 5000. (3556.) SEC. 25. The faculty shall pass all needful rules and regulations necessary to the government and discipline of the college, regulating the routine of labor, study, meals, and the duties and exercises, and all such rules and regulations as are necessary to the preservation of morals, decorum and health.

To have charge
of library, etc.

§ 5001. (3557.) SEC. 26. The faculty shall have charge of the laboratories, library, and museums of the institution.

Annual report.

§ 5002. (3558.) SEC. 27. The faculty shall make an annual report by the first Wednesday of December of each year, to the State board of agriculture, signed by the president and secretary, containing such information and recommendations as the welfare of the institution, in their opinion, demands. Any members of the faculty may make a minority report if they disagree with the conclusions of the majority, which the faculty shall communicate to the board. No communication at any other time, from members of the faculty, shall be entertained by the board, unless they have been submitted to a meeting of the faculty, and sanctioned by a majority.

Duty of presi-
dent.

§ 5003. (3559.) SEC. 28. The president shall be the chief executive officer of the State agricultural college, and it shall be his duty to see that the rules and regulations of the State board of agriculture, and the rules and regulations of the faculty be observed and executed.

Subordinate
officers.

§ 5004. (3560.) SEC. 29. The subordinate officers and employes, not members of the faculty, shall be under the direc-

tion of the president, and in the recess of the board, removable at his discretion, and he may supply vacancies that may be thus or otherwise created; his action in these respects shall be submitted to the approval of the State board of agriculture at their next meeting.

§ 5005. (3561.) SEC. 30. The president may or may not perform the duties of a professor, as the State board of agriculture shall determine. If he performs the duties of a professor, or in case the duties of president are exercised by a president *pro tem.*, a superintendent of the farm may be appointed, who shall have the general superintendence, of the business pertaining to the farm, the land, and other property of the institution, and who shall be a member of the faculty. Superintendent of farm.

§ 5006. (3562.) SEC. 31. The president and secretary, together with the superintendent of the farm, if there be one and in case there is not one, then one of the professors to be elected by the faculty, shall constitute a committee to fix the rate of wages allowed to students, and rate of board. In assessing the board, it shall be so estimated that no profit shall be saved to the institution, and as near as possible at the actual cost. The rates of wages allowed, and rate of charge for board, shall, if practicable, be submitted to the State board of agriculture before they take effect. Committee to fix students' wages.

§ 5007. (3563.) SEC. 32. For current expenditures at the State agricultural college, specific sums shall be set aside, in the hands of their treasurer, by the State board of agriculture, which shall be subject to the warrants of the president of the college, countersigned by the secretary. All moneys due to the institution or received in its behalf, shall be collected and received by the secretary, and deposited by him with the treasurer of the State board of agriculture. The secretary shall, with his annual report, render a full and complete account of all moneys received and all warrants drawn on the treasurer, as secretary of the college, and shall file and preserve all vouchers, receipts, correspondence or other papers relating thereto. Current expenses.

§ 5008. (3564.) *Am. 1871, p. 301 April 17, Act 180; 1873, p. 194, April 24, July 31, Act 145; 1875, p. 267, May 3, Aug. 3, Act 221.* SEC. 33. The superintendents of the farm, horticultural, and other departments, the curators of the museums, and each of the professors, shall make a written and detailed report of the workings of their several departments annually to the president of the college, which said reports shall be kept on file in the office of the secretary of the State board of agriculture. Agricultural operations on the farm shall be carried on experimentally. Careful experiment shall be made annually in field crops, in keeping, feeding, and fattening stock, and in the preparation and application of barnyard and commercial manures, and a detailed account of them shall be published in the annual report of the board. The college shall serve also as an experimental station, making trial from time to time of new varieties of fruits, grains and vegetables. The reports shall Annual reports of the several departments to be filed with secretary of the board.

Agricultural operations to be carried on experimentally.

- What reports to contain. contain an account of the management of all the several fields, pastures, orchards, and gardens of the college, as designated by permanent names or numbers, and shall give an account of the preparation and enriching of the land, the planting, cultivation, harvesting, and yield of the crops and disposition of the same; the management of the stock, with a careful comparison of the cost of keeping, growth, and profit of the several breeds kept on the farm; also an account of the students' labor, specifying the amount used in each of the several departments of the college, with other details, in such a way that the reports, as issued from year to year, shall contain a continuous history of the college, farm, and garden: *Provided*, That the State board of agriculture shall deem the same practicable or advisable.
- Proviso. § 5009. (3565.) SEC. 34. All the swamp lands granted to the State of Michigan by act of congress, approved September twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, situate in the townships of Lansing and Meridian, in the county of Ingham, and Dewitt and Bath, in the county of Clinton, of which no sale has been made, or for which no certificates of sale have been issued by the commissioner of the land office, are hereby granted and vested in the State board of agriculture and placed in the possession of the State agricultural college for the exclusive use and benefit of the institution, subject only to the provisions relating to drainage and reclamation of the act of congress donating the same to the State.
- Grant of swamp lands. Board may sell the lands, § 5010. (3566.) SEC. 35. The State board of agriculture shall have authority to sell and dispose of any portions of the swamp lands mentioned in the preceding section of this act, and use the same, or the proceeds thereof, for the purpose of draining, fencing or in any manner improving such other portions of said lands, as it may be deemed advisable to bring under a high state of cultivation for the promotion of the objects of the State agricultural college. The terms and conditions of the sale of the portions of the above described lands thus disposed of, shall be prescribed by the State board of agriculture, and deeds of the same, executed and acknowledged, in their official capacity, by the president and secretary of the State board of agriculture, shall be good and valid in law.
- Deeds thereof. First members of board, § 5011. (3567.) SEC. 36. David Carpenter, of Lenawee county; Justus Gage, of Cass county; Philo Parsons, of Wayne county; Hezekiah G. Wells, of Kalamazoo county; Silas A. Yerkes, of Kent county, and Charles Rich, of Lapeer county, are hereby constituted and appointed the first State board of agriculture.
- Terms. At their first meeting, which the governor of the State is hereby authorized and directed to call at as early a day as practicable, they shall determine by lot their several periods of service, two of whom shall serve for two years, two of whom shall serve for four years, and two of whom shall serve for six years respectively, from the third Wednesday of January last past, when they are superseded by appointments, in accordance with the provisions of section one of this act, or until their successors are chosen.

§ 5012. (3568.) SEC. 37. Act number one hundred and thirty, ^{Repeal.} session laws of eighteen hundred and fifty-five, being an act for the establishment of a State agricultural school, and all other acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

ACTS OF CONGRESS,

AND STATE LAWS SUPPLEMENTAL THERETO.

FIRST MORRILL ENDOWMENT ACT OF JULY 2, 1862.

AN ACT donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That ^{Lands granted.} there be granted to the several States, for the purposes herein-after mentioned, an amount of public land, to be apportioned to each State, a quantity equal to 30,000 acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress to which the States are respectively entitled by the apportionment under the census of 1860: *Provided,* That no mineral lands shall be selected or ^{Mineral lands excepted.} purchased under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the land aforesaid, ^{Location of lands.} after being surveyed, shall be apportioned to the several States in sections or subdivisions of sections, not less than one-quarter of a section; and wherever there are public lands in a State, subject to sale at private entry at one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, the quantity to which said State shall be entitled shall be selected from such lands, within the limits of such State; and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to issue to each of the States, in which there is not the quantity of public lands subject to sale at private entry, at one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, to which said State may be entitled under the provisions of this act, land scrip to the amount in acres for the deficiency of its distributive share; said scrip to be sold by said States, and the proceeds thereof applied to the uses and purposes prescribed in this act, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever: *Provided,* That in no case shall any State to which land scrip may thus be issued, be allowed to locate the same within the limits of any other State, or of any territory of the United States; but their assignees may thus locate said land scrip upon any of the unappropriated lands of the United States subject to sale at private entry, at one dollar and twenty-five cents, or less, an acre: *And provided further,* That not more than one million acres shall be located by such assignees in any one of the States: *And provided further,* That no such location shall be made before one year from the passage of this act.

Expenses not to
be charged
against lands.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That all the expenses of management, superintendence and taxes from date of selection of said lands, previous to their sales, and all expenses incurred in the management and disbursement of moneys which may be received therefrom, shall be paid by the States to which they may belong, out of the Treasury of said States, so that the entire proceeds of the sale of said lands shall be applied, without any diminution whatever, to the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

Investment of
funds from
sales.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That all moneys derived from the sale of the lands aforesaid, by the States to which the lands are apportioned, and from the sales of land scrip hereinbefore provided for, shall be invested in stocks of the United States, or of the States, or some other safe stocks, yielding not less than five per centum upon the par value of said stocks; and that the moneys so invested shall constitute a perpetual fund, the capital of which shall remain forever undiminished, except so far as may be provided in section fifth of this act, and the interest of which shall be inviolably appropriated, by each State, which may take and claim the benefit of this act, to the endowment, support, and maintenance of, at least, one college, where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life.

Objects of col-
leges to be sup-
ported by this
grant.

Conditions.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the grant of land and land scrip hereby authorized shall be made on the following conditions, to which, as well as to the provisions hereinbefore contained, the previous assent of the several States shall be signified by legislative acts:

States to make
good any loss.

First, If any portion of the fund invested, as provided by the foregoing section, or any portion of the interest thereon, shall, by any action or contingency, be diminished or lost, it shall be replaced by the State to which it belongs, so that the capital of the fund shall remain forever undiminished; and the annual interest shall be regularly applied without diminution to the purposes mentioned in the fourth section of this act, except that a sum, not exceeding ten per centum upon the amount received by any State under the provisions of this act, may be expended for the purchase of lands for sites or experimental farms whenever authorized by the respective Legislatures of said States;

Use to buy exper-
iment farms.

Not to be used
for building or
repairs.

Second, No portion of said fund, nor the interest thereon, shall be applied, directly or indirectly, under any pretense whatever, to the purchase, erection, preservation or repair, of any building or buildings;

Time limit.

Third, Any State which may take and claim the benefit of the provisions of this act shall provide, within five years, at least not less than one college, as prescribed in the fourth section of this act, or the grant to such State shall cease; and

said State shall be bound to pay the United States the amount received of any lands previously sold, and that the title to purchasers under the State shall be valid;*

Fourth, An annual report shall be made regarding the progress of each college, recording any improvements and experiments made, with their cost and results, and such other matters, including State industrial and economical statistics, as may be supposed useful; one copy of which shall be transmitted by mail free, by each, to all the other colleges which may be endowed under the provisions of this act, and also one copy to the Secretary of the Interior; Reports.

Fifth, When lands shall be selected from those which have been raised to double the minimum price in consequence of railroad grants, they shall be computed to the States at the maximum price, and the number of acres proportionally diminished; Double price lands.

Sixth, No State, while in a condition of rebellion or insurrection against the government of the United States, shall be entitled to the benefit of this act; Rebellious states.

Seventh, No State shall be entitled to the benefits of this act, unless it shall express its acceptance thereof by its Legislature within two years from the date of its approval by the President.* Legislative acceptance.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted,* That land scrip issued under the provisions of this act shall not be subject to location until after the first day of January, 1863. Time limit.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted,* That land officers shall receive the same fees for locating land scrip issued under the provisions of this act as is now allowed for the location of military bounty land warrants under existing laws; *Provided,* That maximum compensation shall not be thereby increased. Fees of locating agent.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted,* That the Governors of the several States to which scrip shall be issued under this act shall be required to report annually to Congress all sales made of such scrip until the whole shall be disposed of, the amount received for the same, and what appropriation has been made of the proceeds. Reports of land sales.

GRANT ACCEPTED.

§ 5367. (3926.) 1863, p. 54, Feb. 25, Act 46. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact,* That the grant of land accruing to the State of Michigan, under and by virtue of an act of congress, donating public lands to the several states and territories, which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, be and the same is hereby accepted, in accordance with all the conditions and provisions in said act contained. Grant accepted.

*The time for accepting the provisions of this act was subsequently extended and provisions made for new states.

SELECTION, CARE, AND DISPOSITION OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LANDS.

Agricultural
land grant
board.

Powers of.

Commissioners;
duties of.

Description of
lands selected to
be forwarded to
secretary of the
interior.

Price per acre;
one-fourth down.

Interest on
balance.

Proviso.

Proceeds of sale,
how applied.

Commissioner of
State Land Office
authorized to sell
the lands.

§ 5368. (3927.) 1863, p. 201, Mar. 18, Act 140. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That the governor the auditor general, secretary of State, State treasurer, attorney general, and commissioner of the State land office, shall constitute a board to be known as the agricultural land grant board, and said board shall have the control and management of the selection, the care and disposal of the lands granted to this State by act of congress, approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, providing for the endowment of colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts. Said board shall appoint one or more suitable commissioners, whose duty it shall be to select and locate, as soon as practicable, the quantity of land donated to this State by the act of congress aforesaid, and to make return of the lands so located to the commissioner of the State land office of Michigan, properly designated and described, and to notify the registers of the United States district land offices, for the districts in which the selection and location is made, of such selection as fast as the land is so selected.

§ 5369. (3928.) SEC. 2. The commissioner of the State land office shall, as fast as such selections are made and returned to him, forward to the secretary of the interior of the United States, full and complete descriptions of all such lands, and obtain the necessary title to the State of Michigan for the same.

§ 5370. (3929.) *Am. 1869, p. 51, Mar. 16, Act 3.* SEC. 3. All of said lands, excepting as hereinafter provided, shall be sold for not less than three dollars per acre, one-fourth of the purchase price to be paid at the time of purchase, and the balance at any time thereafter, at the option of the purchaser, with interest on the unpaid balance at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable annually into the State treasury, in accordance with, and subject to all the terms and conditions of payment, and forfeitures for non-payment of all interest and taxes due thereon, as is now provided by the laws regulating the sale and forfeiture of primary school lands: *Provided however*, That all of said lands which are valuable *principally* for the timber thereon, shall be sold for not less than five dollars per acre, the whole of the purchase money therefor to be paid at the date of purchase.

§ 5371. (3930.) SEC. 4. The proceeds of the sale of said land shall be applied and used according to the conditions of the act of congress granting the same to the State.

§ 5372. (3931.) SEC. 5. Whenever said lands, or any part of them, shall have been selected, certified to the commissioner of the State land office, withdrawn from market, and so marked on the plats, and certified by the register of any United States land office for the proper district, by authority of the commissioner of the general land office of the United States, the commissioner of the State land office may, by direction of said

land grant board, sell said lands in quantities of not less than any legal subdivision, according to the original United States survey; and on such sale being made, the commissioner of the State land office shall issue his certificate of sale in the usual form, setting forth the quantity and description of the land sold, the price per acre, the amount paid at the time of purchase, the balance due, with the annual rate of interest, and the time the interest is payable, as is required by law for the payment of interest on contracts for the purchase of primary school lands, and that the purchaser will be entitled to a patent from this State on payment in full of the principal and interest, together with all taxes assessed on such land.

Commissioner to
issue certificates.

§ 5373. (3932.) SEC. 6. Certificates of purchase issued pursuant to the provisions of law, shall entitle the purchaser to the possession of the lands therein described, and shall be sufficient evidence of title to enable the purchaser, his heirs, or assigns, to maintain actions of trespass for injuries done to the same, or ejectment, or any other proper action or proceeding to recover possession thereof, unless such certificate shall have become void by forfeiture; and all certificates of purchase in force may be recorded in the same manner that deeds of conveyance are authorized to be recorded.

Effect of certificate.

§ 5374. (3933.) SEC. 7. The governor of this State shall sign and cause to be issued, patents for said lands, as soon as practicable after payment is made in full of principal, interest, and all taxes, as aforesaid.

Patents.

§ 5375. (3934.) *Am. 1871, p. 87, Mar. 31, Act 68; 1875, p. 55, Mar. 26, Act 60.* SEC. 8. The money received from the sale of said land shall be paid into the State treasury, and shall be placed in the general fund, but the amount thereof shall be placed to the credit of the agricultural college fund upon the books of the auditor general, and the annual interest thereon computed at seven per cent., shall be regularly applied under the direction of the State board of agriculture to the support and maintenance of the State agricultural college, where the leading object shall be—without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics—to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and mechanic arts, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life.

How money
received from
sale of lands to
be disposed of.

How interest
to be disposed
of.

Leading object
of college.

§ 5376. (3935.) SEC. 9. The said land grant board shall, on finding that there is not in this State a sufficient amount of land belonging to the United States, subject to private entry, to make up the full amount of the land granted by said act of congress, notify the commissioner of the United States land office of the fact, and obtain, as soon as practicable, from the proper authority, permission to select an amount sufficient to make up such deficiency from United States lands in other states or territories of the United States, and shall send one or more commissioners into such states or territories to select the same, under such rules and regulations as said board may prescribe.

Proceedings in
case there is not
an amount of
land in the State
equal to the
grant.

Expenses of
locating, how
paid.

Board may
make rules and
regulations.

Commissioners
may require full
payment for
lands.

§ 5377. (3936.) SEC. 10. The agricultural land grant board shall certify, from time to time, to the auditor general the amounts required to pay expenses of selecting and locating, and making returns of said lands, and the auditor general shall draw his warrant upon the State treasurer for the amounts thus certified, and the State treasurer shall pay the same out of the general fund. Said land grant board may make such rules and regulations, in relation to the time and manner of selecting and locating the lands, making the returns, and keeping the accounts of expenses, as they may deem necessary and proper. All contracts and certificates of said board shall be signed by the chairman, and countersigned by the secretary of the agricultural land grant board.

§ 5378. (3937.) SEC. 11. In the sale of lands, the principal value of which consists in the timber, the commissioner of the State land office shall require the payment of the entire amount of purchase money, at the time of purchase, or such portion of the same above one-fourth, as he may deem for the best interest of the State.

LOCATION AND SALE OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LANDS.

Preamble.

§ 5379. (3992.) 1867, p. 326, *March 20, J. R. No. 28.* WHEREAS, The legislature of this State, by an act approved March eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, conferred upon the agricultural land grant board, consisting of the governor, the auditor general, secretary of State, State treasurer, attorney general, and commissioner of the State land office, the entire control and management of the selection, the care, and disposal of the lands granted to this State by act of congress, approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two;

AND WHEREAS, It is for the interest of the State agricultural college, of the taxpayers of this State, and of the inhabitants residing in the vicinity of said lands, that these lands be sold at an early day, and the proceeds be applied to the endowment of the State agricultural college;

AND WHEREAS, It is understood that the secretary of the interior of the United States will not issue patents for these lands until the amount is located; therefore

Board instructed
to locate lands.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Michigan, That the agricultural land grant board be and the same hereby are instructed and directed to complete the location of these lands, and take the necessary steps to obtain patents therefor from the secretary of the interior of the United States, and at the earliest day practicable place the said lands in market, and sell the same according to the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the selection, care, and disposition of the lands donated to the State of Michigan, by act of congress, approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the endowment of colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," and approved March eighteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

ADJUSTMENT OF IRREGULARITIES IN THE SALE OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LANDS.

§ 5380. 1879, p. 313, May 28, J. R. No. 28. WHEREAS, By an ^{Preamble.} act of the legislature, approved February twenty-fifth, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, the State of Michigan accepted a donation of public lands from the United States, to be used for the endowment of colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts;

AND WHEREAS, By a further act of the legislature, approved March eighteenth, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, the governor, auditor general, secretary of State, State treasurer, attorney general, and commissioner of the State land office, were constituted and designated as the agricultural land grant board, with full power and authority to control and dispose of said lands;

AND WHEREAS, Said act further provided, that by direction of said land grant board, the commissioner of the State land office might sell said lands in the manner therein provided;

AND WHEREAS, The commissioner of the State land office has sold large quantities of said lands without having obtained the formal or official direction of said land grant board to make such sales;

AND WHEREAS, It is alleged that all such sales are irregular;

AND WHEREAS, The lands thus sold are principally held or occupied by innocent parties, many of whom having made valuable improvements [improvement] thereon, whose rights and interests in the premises demand the protection of the State; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Michigan, That the agricultural land grant board be, and they are hereby authorized and instructed to examine into the matter of said alleged irregular sales of agricultural college lands, and to adjust and determine the same, and to confirm all such sales of said lands as shall appear to said board, to have been made in accordance with the terms and conditions of section number three (3) of said act, the same being section three thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine of the Compiled Laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-one; ^{Board instructed to investigate.}

And resolved further, That if the said board shall find that any ^{Power of board.} of such sales of said lands shall have been made at a less price per acre than provided for in the section last referred to, then it is hereby made the duty of said board to elect whether they will receive from the purchaser or purchasers, or other party or parties holding under them, the full purchase price contemplated by the said section, and confirm such sales, or take such further measures as they shall deem proper for the protection of the interests of the State: *Provided, however*, That if any such sales are canceled, either by the action of said board or by the decree of any court of competent jurisdiction, then the amount of money to be refunded shall in no case exceed the amount received by the State, as principal, interest, and taxes

on the lands described in the particular sale so canceled: *Provided further*, That all settlers on lands so canceled, shall also have a valid claim against the State for all actual improvements.

Resolved, That this joint resolution shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

EXAMINATION OF CERTAIN FORFEITED AND PART PAID AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AND OTHER LANDS.

Commissioner of State Land Office authorized to examine certain lands, etc.

§ 5254. 1875. p. 132, Apr. 22, Act 95. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That the commissioner of the State land office in his discretion be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to cause the lands hereinafter designated in this act to be examined, and their value and condition ascertained.

Lands to be examined.

§ 5255. Am. 1879, p. 45, Apr. 29, Act 51. SEC. 2. The lands which may be examined under this act are any of the lands owned, or held in trust, or otherwise by this State.

Appointment of agents.

§ 5256. SEC. 3. Said commissioner is hereby authorized to appoint and designate the supervisors of each of the organized townships within which any of the lands to be examined may be located, as examining agents, whose duties in the premises shall be fully defined in a letter of instructions, which it will be the duty of said commissioner to furnish to each person who shall be appointed under this act: *Provided*, That if said commissioner shall deem it for the best interests of the State, he may, by and with the advice and consent of the governor, appoint one or more persons as such examining agents, to act in the place of any supervisors, to make examinations in unsettled and unimproved localities.

Proviso.

To furnish plats, descriptions, etc., to agents.

§ 5257. SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the commissioner of the State land office to furnish each of said agents with plats and descriptions of all of the lands that it will be the duty of such agents to examine, together with all such other information and instruction relating to said lands, or to their duties as such agents, as may be sufficient to enable said agents, after careful personal examination of said lands, to report fully as to their character, value, and condition, at the time of the examination; and in case any of said lands have been trespassed upon and their value deteriorated thereby, said agent shall carefully estimate and report the amount and character of timber probably cut and removed, the date of the cutting, and by whom.

Reports of agents when lands have been trespassed upon.

Board of control to carry out provisions of this act, and its powers and duties.

§ 5258. SEC. 5. The governor, the State treasurer, and the commissioner of the State land office, be and are hereby empowered and constituted a board of control, to carry out the provisions of this act, to examine and act upon the reports made by the said agent or agents; and if in the opinion of the board the best interest of the State would be promoted by changing the price, or terms, of these lands, the said board may alter, by reducing or advancing the price per acre, or conditions of payment: *Provided*, That not less than twenty-five per cent of the

Proviso.

purchase money is paid at the time of purchase. And when the price and terms are so fixed, the said board shall fix the time when the change, if any, is made, will take effect, and cause the same to be published.

§ 5259. *Am. Ib., 1879, p. 45.* SEC. 6. Said agents shall receive as compensation for their services such sum or sums as the board of State auditors shall determine and allow, including necessary expenses, which bills for services and expenses shall be itemized and sworn to and made upon forms furnished by the commissioner of the land office, the same to be paid out of the general fund, and apportioned to the several funds, according to the expenses attending the examination of lands belonging to the different classes herein mentioned, and the commissioner of the State land office may, in his discretion, require said agents to give a good and sufficient bond for the faithful discharge of their duties, and file the constitutional oath of office; and any agent appointed under this act who shall give to any person any information in regard to the value of lands examined, or timber thereon before reporting the same to the commissioner of the State land office, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Compensation of agents.

Commissioner may require bonds,

Penalty for giving information before reporting

MILITARY TRAINING.

STATE LAWS.

AN ACT to establish a military school in connection with the Agricultural College.

§ 5013. (3569.) 1863, p. 364, Mar. 20, June 22, Act 211. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That in addition to the course of instruction already provided by law for the agricultural college of this State, there shall be added military tactics and military engineering.

Military school established.

§ 5014. (3570.) SEC. 2. The State board of agriculture are hereby authorized and required to make such additional rules and regulations for the government and control of the agricultural college as may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of section one of this act.

Rules and regulations.

§ 5015. (3571.) SEC. 3. The State board of agriculture shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Governor, the Adjutant General and Quartermaster General, procure, at the expense of the State, all such arms, accoutrements, books and instruments, and appoint such additional professors and instructors as, in their discretion, may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the incurring of any indebtedness against the State, or the expenditure of money beyond the appropriations made to the agricultural college.

Arms, accoutrements, etc.

Proviso.

1883, No. 165. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That the Quartermaster General be authorized,

Arms, etc., to be deposited at college.

with the advice and consent of the military board, to deposit with the State board of agriculture at the agricultural college, arms and accoutrements for the use of said college.

UNITED STATES LAWS.

DETAIL OF OFFICERS TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Officers to
institutions.

Limit.

Army and navy.

Agricultural
colleges.

Ordnance stores,
etc.

Proviso; military
drill and instruc-
tion must be
given.

Proviso; detail
of engineer
officers from the
navy.

Section 1225 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, amended January 13, 1891. The President may, upon the application of any established military institute, seminary or academy, college or university, within the United States having capacity to educate at the same time not less than one hundred and fifty male students, detail an officer of the Army or Navy to act as superintendent or professor thereof; but the number of officers so detailed shall not exceed seventy-five from the Army and ten from the Navy, being a maximum of eighty-five, at any time, and they shall be apportioned throughout the United States, first, to those State institutions applying for such detail that are required to provide instruction in military tactics under the provisions of the act of Congress of July 2, 1862, donating lands for the establishment of colleges where the leading object shall be the practical instruction of the industrial classes in agriculture and the mechanic arts, including military tactics; and after that, said details to be distributed as nearly as may be practicable, according to population.

The Secretary of War is authorized to issue, at his discretion and under proper regulations to be prescribed by him, out of ordnance and ordnance stores belonging to the government, and which can be spared for that purpose, such number of the same as may appear to be required for military instruction and practice by the students of any college or university under the provisions of this section, and the Secretary shall require a bond in each case, in double the value of the property, for the care and safe keeping thereof, and for the return of the same when required: *Provided*, That no officer shall be detailed to or maintained at any of the educational institutions mentioned in this act where instruction and drill in military tactics is not given: *Provided further*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent the detail of officers of the engineer corps of the navy as professors in scientific schools or colleges as now provided by act of Congress approved February 26, 1879, entitled "An act to promote a knowledge of steam engineering and iron ship building among the students of scientific schools or colleges in the United States," and the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to issue ordnance and ordnance stores belonging to the government on the terms and conditions hereinbefore provided to any college or university at which a retired officer of the army may be assigned as provided by section 1260 of the Revised Statutes.

DETAIL FROM ENGINEER CORPS.

AN ACT approved February 26, 1879, to promote a knowledge of steam engineering and iron ship building among the students of scientific schools or colleges in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of promoting a knowledge of steam engineering and iron ship building among the young men of the United States, the President may, upon the application of an established scientific school or college within the United States, detail an officer from the engineer corps of the navy as professor in such school or college: *Provided,* That the number of officers so detailed shall not at any time exceed twenty-five, and such details shall be governed by rules to be prescribed from time to time by the President.

Detail from
engineer corps.

Not to exceed
twenty-five.

And provided further, That such details may be withheld or withdrawn whenever, in the judgment of the President, the interests of the public service shall so require. Proviso.

DETAIL OF RETIRED OFFICERS.

Section 1260 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, being section 23 of Act of July 15, 1870: Any retired officer may, on his own application, be detailed to serve as professor in any college, but while so serving, such officer shall be allowed no additional compensation.

Forty-Sixth Congress, Session 1, Chapter 81. March 4, 1880.

Ordinance Department. — Upon the application of any college, university, or institution of learning incorporated under the laws of any State within the United States, having capacity at the same time to educate not less than one hundred and fifty male students, the President may detail an officer of the army on the retired list, to act as president, superintendent, or professor thereof, and such officer may receive from the institution to which he may be detailed the difference between his retired and full pay, and shall not receive any additional pay or allowance from the United States.

Detail to college
of retired offi-
cers.

LAWS RELATING TO THE EXPERIMENT STATION.

STATE INSPECTION OF COMMERCIAL FERTILIZERS.

Pub. Acts, 1885, No. 26, p. 20. SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That any person or persons who shall sell or offer for sale in this State any commercial fertilizer, the retail price of which exceeds ten dollars per ton, shall affix on the outside of every package containing such fertilizer a plainly printed certificate, stating the number of net pounds therein; the name or trade mark under which such article is sold; the name of the manufacturer; the place of manufacture, and a chemical analysis, stating the percentage of

Sale of fertilizer
at certain price.

Package, how
labeled.

nitrogen in an available form; of potash soluble in water, and of phosphoric acid in an available form (soluble or reverted) and the insoluble phosphoric acid.

File analysis,
etc., with secre-
tary board of
agriculture.

Sample.

SEC. 2 Before any commercial fertilizer is sold or offered for sale, the manufacturer, importer or party who causes it to be sold or offered for sale within this State, shall file with the secretary of the State board of agriculture a certified copy of the analysis and certificate referred to in section one, and shall also deposit with said secretary a sealed glass jar containing not less than two pounds of such fertilizer, with an affidavit that it is a fair sample of the article thus to be sold or offered for sale.

License fee.

SEC. 3. The manufacturer, importer or agent of any commercial fertilizer, the retail price of which exceeds ten dollars per ton as aforesaid, shall pay annually to the secretary of the State board of agriculture, on or before the first day of May, a license fee of twenty dollars for each and every brand of fertilizer he offers for sale in this State: *Provided*, That whenever the manufacturer or importer shall have paid this license fee his agents shall not be required to do so.

Proviso.

Analyses, by
whom made and
when.

SEC. 4. All such analyses of commercial fertilizers required by this act shall be made under the direction of the State board of agriculture and paid for out of the funds arising from the license fees provided for in section three. At least one analysis of each fertilizer shall be made annually.

Statement of in
annual report
board of agri-
culture.

SEC. 5. The secretary of the State board of agriculture shall publish in his annual report a correct statement of all analyses made and certificates filed in his office, together with a statement of all moneys received for license fees, and expended for analysis. Any surplus from license fees remaining on hand at the close of the fiscal year shall be placed to the credit of the experimental fund of said board.

Surplus fees.

Penalty for non-
compliance.

SEC. 6. Any person or persons who shall sell or offer for sale any commercial fertilizer in this State without first complying with the provisions of sections one, two, and three of this act, or who shall attach or caused to be attached to any such package of fertilizer an analysis stating that it contains a larger percentage of any one or more of the constituents or ingredients named in section one of this act than it really does contain, shall upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars for the first offense, and not less than three hundred dollars for every subsequent offense, and the offender shall also be liable for all damages sustained by the purchaser of such fertilizer on account of such misrepresentation.

Power of board
of agriculture.

SEC. 7. The State board of agriculture by any duly authorized agent is hereby authorized to select from any package of commercial fertilizer exposed for sale in this State, a quantity, not exceeding two pounds, for a sample, such sample to be used for the purposes of an official analysis and for comparison with the certificate filed with the secretary of the State board of agriculture and with the certificate affixed to the package on sale.

SEC. 8. All suits for the recovery of fines under the provisions of this act shall be brought under the direction of the State board of agriculture.

Suits, how brought.

Approved March 20, 1885.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE BULLETINS.

Pub. Acts, 1885, No. 81, p. 78. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact,* That the State board of agriculture be and they are hereby authorized to provide from time to time in bulletin form, for the dissemination among the people of this State, and through the medium of the public press the results of experiments made in any of the different departments of the agricultural college, and such other information that they may deem of sufficient importance to require it to come to the immediate knowledge of the farmers and horticulturists of the State.

State board of agriculture authorized to issue bulletins.

SEC. 2. The several professors of chemistry, zoölogy, botany, agriculture, horticulture, and veterinary science, shall each, at least twice in each year, not excluding the president and other professors, prepare for publication an article embracing such facts as they may deem of public importance, a copy of which shall be simultaneously sent to each and every newspaper published in the State, and to such persons as the State board of agriculture may think proper; said professors to so arrange that at least one of said articles shall be sent out, as above provided, the first week of each and every month, in each and every year.

Who to prepare articles, what to contain, etc.

SEC. 3. The board of State auditors shall, upon the approval of the State board of agriculture, audit the accounts for printing, stationery, and postage incurred in the publishing and disseminating of said bulletins and the same shall be paid out of the general fund: *Provided,* That no account for printing the same in any newspaper shall be allowed.

Auditing of accounts for printing, etc.

Proviso.

This act is ordered to take immediate effect.

Approved May 11, 1885.

LAW PROVIDING FOR A STATE FORESTRY COMMISSION.

Public Acts of Michigan, 1887.—Act No. 259.

AN ACT to provide for an Independent Forestry Commission of the State of Michigan and to define its duties and powers and to provide for the expense thereof.

SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact,* That the members of the State board of agriculture are hereby constituted a commission to be known as an independent forestry commission.

Forestry commission.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of said forestry commission to institute an inquiry into the extent to which the forests of Michigan are being destroyed by fires, used by wasteful cutting for consumption or for the purpose of clearing lands for tillage or pasturage. Also as to the effect of the diminution of the wooded

Objects of inquiry.

surface of the land upon ponds, rivers and water power of the State, and in disturbing and deteriorating the natural conditions of the climate. Also as to the protection of denuded regions, stump and swamp lands.

Recommendations.

SEC. 3. Said commission shall make report of the results of their inquiries to the Governor of the State, together with such legislation as seems to them expedient to propose to preserve and restore the forest wealth of the State, sixty days before the assembling of the legislature for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and the State printer, under the direction of said commission, shall cause to be printed as many copies of said report for distribution as they may deem expedient.

Supervisors' statistics.

SEC. 4. (Repealed July 3, 1889). It shall be the duty of the supervisor of each township, on or before the first Monday of June, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, to make a careful estimate of the area and condition as to the stage of growth, density and character of forest land in their several towns. Also the area and waste of barren land on which valuable forest trees might be grown, and report the same to the forestry commission. A consolidated summary of these returns by counties, and of the information as to the same matter otherwise gathered by said commission, shall be included in the annual report.

Forest fires.

SEC. 5. (Repealed July 3, 1889). The supervisor of every township as aforesaid and in which a forest fire of more than one acre in extent has occurred within a year, shall report to the forestry commission the extent of the area burned over, to the best of his information, together with the probable amount of property destroyed, specifying the value of timber, as near as may be, and amount of cord wood, logs, bark or other forest product; also fencing, bridges and buildings that have been burned. They shall also make inquiries and report as to the cause of these fires, if they can be ascertained, and as to the measures employed and found most effective in checking their progress. A summary of these returns by counties, and of the information otherwise gathered by said commission, shall be included in their annual report. Blanks for the reports required in this act shall be furnished by the forestry commission to the several townships at the expense of the State.

Appropriation.

SEC. 6. The said commission shall serve without compensation, but a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the necessary expenses incurred in collecting the information required by this act to be ascertained by said commission, to be paid for by the State treasurer, upon the warrant of the auditor general, out of any funds not otherwise appropriated.

Approved June 27, 1887.

THE HATCH EXPERIMENT STATION ACT.

Forty-ninth Congress, Session 2, Chapter 314, March 2, 1887.

AN ACT to establish agricultural experiment stations in connection with the colleges established in the several States under the provisions of an act approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the acts supplementary thereto.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That in order to aid in acquiring and diffusing among the people of the United States useful and practical information on subjects connected with agriculture, and to promote scientific investigation and experiment respecting the principles and applications of agricultural science, there shall be established, under direction of the college or colleges, or agricultural department of colleges, in each State or Territory established, or which may hereafter be established in accordance with the provisions of an act approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act donating public lands to the several states and territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," or any of the supplements to said act, a department to be known and designated as an "agricultural experiment station:" *Provided*, That in any State or Territory in which two such colleges have been or may be so established, the appropriation hereinafter made to such State or Territory shall be equally divided between such colleges, unless the legislature of such state or territory shall otherwise direct.

Establishment of
experiment
stations.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the object and duty of said experiment stations to conduct original researches or verify the experiments on the physiology of plants and animals; the diseases to which they are severally subject, with the remedies for the same; the chemical composition of useful plants at their different stages of growth; the comparative advantages of rotative cropping as pursued under a varying series of crops; the capacity of new plants or trees for acclimation; the analysis of soils and water; the chemical composition of manures, natural or artificial, with experiments designed to test their comparative effects on crops of different kinds; the adaptation and value of grasses and forage plants; the composition and digestibility of the different kinds of food for domestic animals; the scientific and economic questions involved in the production of butter and cheese; and such other researches or experiments bearing directly on the agricultural industry of the United States as may in each case be deemed advisable, having due regard to the varying conditions and needs of the respective states or territories.

Objects.

SEC. 3. That in order to secure, as far as practicable, uniformity of methods and results in the work of said stations it shall be the duty of the United States commissioner of agriculture to furnish forms, as far as practicable, for the tabula-

Methods.

tion of results of investigation or experiments; to indicate, from time to time, such lines of inquiry as to him shall seem most important; and in general, to furnish such advice and assistance as will best promote the purposes of this act. It shall be the duty of each of said stations annually, on or before the first day of February, to make to the governor of the state or territory in which it is located, a full and detailed report of its operations, including a statement of receipts and expenditures, a copy of which report shall be sent to each of said stations, to the said commissioner of agriculture, and to the secretary of the treasury of the United States.

Reports.

Bulletins.

Postage free.

Appropriation to
be from land
sales.Use of for
building.

Balances.

State laws.

SEC. 4. That bulletins or reports of progress shall be published at said stations at least once in three months, one copy of which shall be sent to each newspaper in the States and territories in which they are respectively located, and to such individuals actually engaged in farming as may request the same, and as far as the means of the station will permit. Such bulletins or reports, and the annual reports of said stations, shall be transmitted in the mails of the United States free of charge for postage, under such regulations as the postmaster general may from time to time prescribe.*

SEC. 5. That for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses of conducting investigations and experiments, and printing and distributing the results as hereinbefore prescribed, the sum of \$15,000 is hereby appropriated to each State to be specially provided for by Congress in the appropriations from year to year, and to each territory entitled under the provisions of section eight of this act, out of any money in the treasury proceeding from the sales of public lands, to be paid in equal quarterly payments on the first day of January, April, July and October in each year, to the treasurer or other officer duly appointed by the governing boards of said colleges to receive the same, the first payment to be made on the first day of October, 1887: *Provided, however,* That out of the first annual appropriation so received by any station an amount not exceeding one-fifth may be expended in the erection, enlargement or repair of a building or buildings necessary for carrying on the work of such station; and thereafter an amount not exceeding five per centum of such annual appropriation may be so expended.

SEC. 6. That whenever it shall appear to the secretary of the treasury from the annual statement of receipts and expenditures of any of said stations, that a portion of the preceding annual appropriation remains unexpended, such amount shall be deducted from the next succeeding annual appropriation to such station, in order that the amount of money appropriated to any station shall not exceed the amount actually and necessarily required for its maintenance and support.

SEC. 7. That nothing in this act shall be construed to impair or modify the legal relation existing between any of the said colleges and the government of the States or Territories in which they are respectively located.

* See Postal Regulations on pages 41-42.

SEC. 8. That in States having colleges entitled under this section to the benefits of this act, and having also agricultural experiment stations established by law separate from said colleges, such States shall be authorized to apply such benefits to experiments at stations so established by such States; and in case any State shall have established, under the provisions of said act of July second, aforesaid, an agricultural department or experimental station in connection with any university, college or institution not distinctively an agricultural college or school, and such State shall have established, or shall hereafter establish a separate agricultural college or school, which shall have connected therewith an experimental farm or station, the Legislature of such State may apply in whole or in part the appropriation by this act made to such separate agricultural college or school; and no Legislature shall, by contract express or implied, disable itself from so doing.

Stations separate or at universities.

SEC. 9. That the grants of moneys authorized by this act are made subject to the Legislative assent of the several States and territories to the purpose of said grants: *Provided*, That payments of such installments of the appropriation herein made as shall become due to any State before the adjournment of the regular session of its Legislature meeting next after the passage of this act, shall be made upon the assent of the Governor thereof duly certified to the secretary of the treasury.

Legislative or Governor's assent.

SEC. 10. Nothing in this act shall be held or construed as binding the United States to continue any payments from the treasury to any or all the States or institutions mentioned in this act, but Congress may at any time amend, suspend or repeal any or all of the provisions of this act.

Saving clause.

Fiftieth Congress, Session 2, chapter 373, Mar. 2, 1889.

In the appropriation for experiment stations it is *Provided*, That as far as practicable, all such stations shall devote a portion of their work to the examination and classification of the soils of their respective States and Territories, with a view to securing more extended knowledge and better development of their agricultural capabilities.

Fifty-first Congress, Session 1, Chap. 707, July 14, 1890.

In the appropriation for Agricultural Experiment Stations it is provided that the sums appropriated to the several States shall be paid quarterly, in advance.

FRANKING BULLETINS AND REPORTS.

SEC. 419. Postal laws and regulations. Regulations for free transmission of bulletins and reports under the preceding statute, are prescribed as follows:

1. Any claimant of the privilege must apply for authority to exercise it to the Postmaster-General, stating the date of the establishment of such station, its proper name or designation, its official organization and the names of its officers, the name of the university, college, school, or institution to which it is attached, if any, the legislation of the State or Territory providing for its establishment, and any other granting it the

Application for authority.

benefits of the provision made by Congress as aforesaid (accompanied by a copy of the act or acts), and whether any other such station in the same State or Territory is considered, or claims to be, also entitled to the privilege; and also the place of its location and the name of the postoffice where the bulletins and reports will be mailed. The application must be signed by the officer in charge of the station.

Admission of
bulletins to mail.

2. If such application be allowed after examination by the Department, the postmaster at the proper office will be instructed to admit such bulletins and reports to the mails in compliance with these regulations, and the officer in charge of the station will be notified thereof.

How mailed.

3. Only such bulletins or reports as shall have been issued after the station became entitled to the benefits of the act can be transmitted free; and such bulletins or reports may be enclosed in envelopes or wrappers, sealed or unsealed. On the exterior of every envelope, wrapper or package, must be written or printed the name of the station and place of its location, the designation of the inclosed bulletin or report, and the word "Free" over the signature or fac simile thereof of the officer in charge of the station, to be affixed by himself, or by some one duly deputed by him for that purpose. There may also be written or printed upon the envelope or wrapper, a request that the postmaster at the office of delivery will notify the mailing station of the change of address of the addressee, or other reason for inability to deliver the same; and upon a bulk package, a request to the postmaster to open and distribute the "franked" matter therein, in accordance with the address thereon.

Bulletins of
other stations.

Bulletins published by the United States Department of Agriculture, and analogous to the station, and entitled to be mailed free under the penalty envelope of that department, may also be adopted and mailed by the several stations, with their own publications, under the same regulations; and any bulletins or reports mailable free by any Agricultural Experiment Station under these regulations, may be so mailed by any other station having free mailing authority.

Reports.

If such station's annual reports be printed by State authority, and consist in part of matter relating to the Land Grant College to which such station is attached, then said report may be mailed free entire, by the director of the Station: *Provided*, In his judgment, the whole consists of useful information of an agricultural character.

Addressee.

4. The bulletins may be mailed to the stations, newspapers, or persons to whom they are by the foregoing act authorized to be sent, and the annual reports to any address within the United States.

LEGISLATIVE ASSENT TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EXPERIMENT STATION.

Acceptance of
terms.

Acts of 1889, page 53, No. 46, April 12. SECTION 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That the Legislative assent required by section 9 of act of Congress, approved March 2, 1887, being an act entitled "An act to establish

agricultural experiment stations in connection with the colleges established in the several States, under the provisions of an act approved July 2, 1862, and acts supplementary thereto," is hereby given, and the moneys thereby given are accepted under the conditions and terms in said act named.

SEC. 2. That the moneys derived by authority of said act shall be exclusively used in support of the department designated as "An agricultural experiment station" in connection with the State Agricultural College of Michigan.

Disposition of moneys.

SECOND MORRILL ENDOWMENT ACT.

[Fifty-first Congress, Session 1, Chapter 841, Aug. 30, 1890.]

AN ACT to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more complete endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts established under the provisions of an act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be, and hereby is, annually appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, arising from the sales of public lands, to be paid as hereinafter provided, to each State and Territory for the more complete endowment and maintenance of colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts now established, or which may be hereafter established, in accordance with an act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and an annual increase of the amount of such appropriation thereafter for ten years by an additional sum of one thousand dollars over the preceding year, and the annual amount to be paid thereafter to each State and Territory shall be twenty-five thousand dollars to be applied only to instruction in agriculture, the mechanic arts, the English language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural and economic science, with special reference to their applications in the industries of life, and to the facilities for such instruction: *Provided*, That no money shall be paid out under this act to any State or Territory for the support and maintenance of a college where a distinction of race or color is made in the admission of students, but the establishment and maintenance of such colleges separately for white and colored students shall be held to be a compliance with the provisions of this act if the funds received in such State or Territory be equitably divided as hereinafter set forth: *Provided*, That in any State in which there has been one college established in pursuance of the act of July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and also in which an educational institution of like character has been established, or may be hereafter established, and is now aided by such State from its own revenue, for the education of colored students in

Public lands proceeds

Agricultural colleges.

Appropriations for more complete endowment.

Limitation.

Race distinction.

Division of funds in certain cases.

agriculture and the mechanic arts, however named or styled, or whether or not it has received money heretofore under the act to which this act is an amendment, the Legislature of such State may propose and report to the Secretary of the Interior a just and equitable division of the fund to be received under this act between one college for white students and one institution for colored students established as aforesaid, which shall be divided into two parts and paid accordingly, and thereupon such institution for colored students shall be entitled to the benefits of this act and subject to its provisions, as much as it would have been if it had been included under the act of eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and the fulfillment of the foregoing provisions shall be taken as a compliance with the provision in reference to separate colleges for white and colored students.

Manner of payment.

SEC. 2. That the sums hereby appropriated to the States and Territories for the further endowment and support of colleges shall be annually paid on or before the thirty-first day of July of each year, by the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the warrant of the Secretary of the Interior, out of the treasury of the United States, to the state or territorial treasurer, or to such officer as shall be designated by the laws of such State or Territory to receive the same, who shall, upon the order of the trustees of the college, or the institution for colored students, immediately pay over said sums to the treasurers of the respective colleges or other institutions entitled to receive the same, and such treasurers shall be required to report to the Secretary of Agriculture and to the Secretary of the Interior, on or before the first day of September of each year, a detailed statement of the amount so received and of its disbursement. The grants of moneys authorized by this act are made subject to the legislative assent of the several States and Territories to the purpose of said grants: *Provided*, That payments of such installments of the appropriation herein made as shall become due to any State before the adjournment of the regular session of the legislature meeting next after the passage of this act shall be made upon the assent of the Governor thereof, duly certified to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Financial reports

Legislative or Governor's assent.

Loss of fund to be made good.

Building restriction.

Annual reports.

SEC. 3. That if any portion of the moneys received by the designated officer of the State or Territory for the further and more complete endowment, support, and maintenance of colleges, or of institutions for colored students, as provided in this act, shall, by any action, or contingency, be diminished or lost, or be misapplied, it shall be replaced by the State or Territory to which it belongs, and until so replaced no subsequent appropriation shall be apportioned or paid to such State or Territory; and no portion of said moneys shall be applied, directly or indirectly, under any pretense whatever, to the purchase, erection, preservation, or repair of any building or buildings. An annual report by the president of each of said colleges shall be made to the Secretary of Agriculture, as well as to the Secretary of the Interior, regarding the condition and progress of each college, including statistical information in relation to its

receipts and expenditures, its library, the number of its students and professors, and also as to any improvements and experiments made under the direction of any experiment stations attached to said colleges, with their costs and results, and such other industrial and economical statistics as may be regarded as useful, one copy of which shall be transmitted by mail free to all other colleges further endowed under this act. Postage free.

SEC. 4. That on or before the first day of July in each year, after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Interior shall ascertain and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury as to each State and Territory whether it is entitled to receive its share of the annual appropriation for colleges, or of institutions for colored students, under this act, and the amount which thereupon each is entitled, respectively, to receive. If the Secretary of the Interior shall withhold a certificate from any State or Territory of its appropriation the facts and reasons therefor shall be reported to the President, and the amount involved shall be kept separate in the treasury until the close of the next Congress, in order that the State or Territory may, if it should so desire, appeal to Congress from the determination of the Secretary of the Interior. If the next Congress shall not direct such sum to be paid it shall be covered into the treasury. And the Secretary of the Interior is hereby charged with the proper administration of this law. Certificate of Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 5. That the Secretary of the Interior shall annually report to Congress the disbursements which have been made in all the States and Territories, and also whether the appropriation of any State or Territory has been withheld, and if so, the reasons therefor. Report of Secretary of Interior.

SEC. 6. Congress may at any time amend, suspend, or repeal any or all of the provisions of this act. Amendment, etc.

LEGISLATIVE ASSENT TO THE SECOND MORRILL ACT.

Senate bill No. 73, passed by the Senate April 16, 1891, and at time of printing this pamphlet still unacted on in the House.

SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact,* That the legislative assent required by section two of act of Congress approved August 30, 1890, being an act entitled "An act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public lands to the more complete endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts established under the provisions of an act of Congress approved July 2, 1862," is hereby given and the moneys thereby given are accepted under the conditions and terms in said act named. Acceptance of moneys.

SEC. 2. That the moneys derived by authority of said act shall be used exclusively in support of the State Agricultural College of Michigan. Disposition.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

STATE LAWS.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

Act No. 122 of May 31, 1889, Sections 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 provide that there shall be published of the Public Acts, Public documents.

Local Acts, Journal of the Senate, Journal of the House, Joint Documents, report of the State Board of Agriculture, report of the State Horticultural Society, report of the Secretary of State on births, marriages, and deaths, and report of the Secretary of the State Board of Health, a sufficient number of copies to supply with one copy each, State officers, their deputies, and libraries, officers and libraries of State institutions, members and libraries of State boards, etc., etc.

Manual. *Act No. 20 of Mar. 19, 1889, Section 1*, provides that there shall be published of the Legislative Manual a sufficient number of copies to supply with one copy each, State officers, members of State boards, the principal officers of State institutions, etc., etc.

U. S. statutes. § 36 (1875, No. 25, SEC. 1) enacts that the State Librarian, upon receipt of the statutes of the United States, shall send one copy to the library of the agricultural college.

Court reports. § 7214 (1881, No. 116, SEC. 11) enacts that the college library shall be given one copy of each issue of the State Supreme Court reports.

Geological collections. § 5471 (1871, No. 179, SEC. 5) provides for duplicate collections made from the geological survey of the State being given to the college museum.

MEMBERS OF BOARDS PROHIBITED FROM BEING INTERESTED IN CONTRACTS.

Officers of
public institu-
tions not to be
interested in
certain con-
tracts.

§ 9355. 1873, p. 141, Apr. 17, *Act 107*. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That no trustee, inspector, regent, superintendent, agent, officer, or member of any board having control or charge of any educational, charitable, penal, pauper, or reformatory public institutions of this State, or of any county thereof, shall be personally directly, or indirectly interested in any contract, purchase, or sale made for, or on account, or in behalf of any such institution, and all such contracts, purchases, or sales shall be held null and void; nor shall any such officer corruptly accept any bribe from any persons interested in such contract; and it is hereby made the duty of the Governor or other appointing power, upon proof satisfactory of a violation of the provisions of this section, to immediately remove the officer or employé offending as aforesaid; and upon conviction thereof before a court of competent jurisdiction, the offender shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Removal for
violation of;
this section.

Fine.

CONTRACTS BY STATE OFFICERS OR BOARDS OF CONTROL.

Bidders for
contracts to
give bonds.]

§ 352 (313) 1861, p. 275, Mar. 15, *Act 171*; Am. 1871, p. 289, April 17, *Act 175*. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That it shall be the duty of each and every State officer, board of State auditors, board of control, inspectors or commissioners of any public improvement, work, building or institution, acting for the State, to require of all and every person bidding for any contract by them or any

of them to be let or made, such good and sufficient security as they may require, not less than one-fourth the sum total of the amount of the estimated cost of said contract or the work to be performed under it, conditioned so as to secure the State from loss or damage which may arise by reason of the withdrawal of the bid or bids, by such person or persons made, before the time for entering into or making of the contract by them offered to be made; and in case any person or persons shall make any bid or sealed proposal for the performance of any work, labor, furnishing materials or contract to be made with any such State officer, State auditors, board of control, inspector or commissioner, it shall not be lawful for such person or persons to withdraw, cancel, alter or amend the same after it shall have been thus made, deposited and filed with any such State officer or other person duly authorized to receive the same, previous to the time appointed for opening the same; after the opening of said bids and letting such contract, the State officer or other person holding the same, shall continue so to keep the same and the securities filed therewith, and if such bid shall be lowest it shall be considered a lawful bid or proposal, and treated as other bids and proposals are required by law to be treated; and if any such person or persons shall fail to enter into any contract as contemplated by such officer in the advertisement or other information [invitation] therefor, or by the terms of the bid or proposal so received, or shall refuse to execute and fulfill the same, it shall be the duty of such State officer, or board of auditors, member of board of control, inspector or commissioner to immediately prosecute such person or persons, and the person or persons giving such bond or security, and to recover such damages thereon as may be adjudged by any court of this State; and all moneys so recovered from such person or persons or any other person or persons as sureties or bondsmen with said principal or principals, shall be paid into the State treasury after deducting costs of suit, and be credited to the general fund: *Provided*, When any such forfeiture shall be made to any public institution, building, asylum or public work, the damages or moneys so recovered shall be credited by the State Treasurer to the said institution, building, asylum or public work named in such advertisement, bid or proposal, or for which the same was intended to be made: *And provided further*. That said person, persons or board of officers, shall have the right to reject any of said bids or proposals, if, in their judgment, the public interest will be subserved thereby.

Bids may be withdrawn, altered, etc., before time for opening.

Bidder refusing to enter into contract may be prosecuted.

Moneys received to be credited to general fund.

Proviso.

Bids may be rejected.

SECURITY FOR PAYMENT OF WAGES AND MATERIAL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.

§ 8411a. = *Am. 1885, p. 42, Apr. 15, Sept. 19, Act 45.* SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That when public buildings, or other public works or improvements are about to be built, repaired, or ornamented under contract, at the expense of this State, or of any county, city, village, township, or school district thereof, it shall be the duty of the board of officers, or agents, contracting on behalf of the State, county,

Public works.

Bond required
for payment of
labor.

Execution, ap-
proval, condi-
tions, etc., of
bonds.

Where de-
posited.

Suit on bond,
etc.

Proviso.

city, village, township, or school district, to require sufficient security by bond, for the payment by the contractor, and all sub-contractors, for all labor performed, or materials furnished in the erection, repairing, or ornamenting of such building, works, or improvements.

§ 8411b. = SEC. 2. Such bond shall be executed by such contractor to the people of the State of Michigan, in such amount, and with such sureties as shall be approved by the board, officer, or agent acting on behalf of the State, county, city, village, township, or school district as aforesaid, and conditioned for the payment by such contractor, or any sub-contractor, as the same may become due and payable, of all indebtedness which may accrue to any person, firm, or corporation, on account of any labor performed, or materials furnished in the erection, repairing, or ornamenting of such building or works. Such bond shall be deposited with, and held by, such board, officer or agent, for the use of any party interested therein.

§ 8411c. = SEC. 3. Such bond may be prosecuted, and recovery had, by any person, firm, or corporation, to whom any money shall be due and payable, on account of having performed any labor, or furnished any materials in the erection, repairing, or ornamenting of such building or works, in the name of the people of this State, for the use and benefit of such person, firm or corporation: *Provided*, That the people of this State shall, in no case brought under the provisions of this act, be liable for costs.

Approved May 16, 1883.

TRANSFER OF UNEXPENDED BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Unexpended
balance to be
transferred to
general fund.

Proviso.

§ 359. 1877, p. 85, *May 10, Aug. 21, Act 110*. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That if the amount appropriated by the legislature for any purpose be not needed for the purpose specified, within the time fixed in the act making such appropriation, the balance of any such appropriation remaining in the State treasury shall be transferred to the general fund: *Provided*, That in cases where appropriations are made from special funds, the unexpended balances shall be transferred to the respective funds from which such appropriations were made.

Act to apply to
appropriations
heretofore or
hereafter
made.

§ 360. = SEC. 2. The provisions of this act shall apply to all appropriations heretofore made, any part of which shall be unexpended at the passage of this act, and to all appropriations hereafter made, and the Auditor General shall, at the end of each fiscal year, close the account with each and every appropriation made to cover expenditures from the state treasury prior to the first day of January next preceding the close of the current fiscal year.

CHARGING OUT AND TRANSFERRING UNEXPENDED BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS.

§ 361. 1879, p. 212, *May 27, Aug. 30, Act 236*. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That if the amount appropriated by the legislature for any purpose

be not needed for the purpose specified, within the time fixed in the act making such appropriation, the balance of any such appropriation remaining in the State treasury shall be charged to the account that was credited with the appropriation: *Provided*, That in cases where appropriations are made for building purposes, the balances shall not be charged out until the completion of the building contemplated in the act of appropriation.

Balance of appropriations unexpended to be charged to account of appropriation.

Proviso.

§ 362. = SEC. 2. That all balances which have remained unchanged on the accounts rendered to the Auditor General by any of the several State institutions for two years next preceding the close of the current fiscal year shall be annually transferred to the general, or current expense account of said institution.

Balances remaining unexpended for two years transferred, etc.

• § 363. = SEC. 3. The provisions of this act shall apply to all appropriations heretofore made, any part of which shall be unexpended at the passage of this act and to all appropriations hereafter made, and the Auditor General shall, at the end of each fiscal year, close the account with each and every appropriation made to cover expenditures from the State treasury prior to the first day of January next preceding the close of the current fiscal year.

Act to apply to all appropriations.

§ 364. = SEC. 4. All acts or parts of acts contravening the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Acts repealed.

ACCOUNTING BY RECEIVING AND DISBURSING OFFICERS.

§ 365. = 1873, p. 197, April 24, July 31, Act 148. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That every officer receiving or disbursing money for the State, for or on account of any building or work for the State, or for the maintenance, use, or benefit of any State, educational, charitable, reformatory, or penal or other institution, or under any act of appropriation or other law of this State, for any purpose whatsoever, shall render to the Auditor General an account of all the receipts, whether from the State Treasurer or other source or sources; and all disbursements shall be accounted for in the manner hereinafter provided.

Officers receiving or disbursing money for State to account to Auditor General.

§ 366. = SEC. 2. Every such officer shall take vouchers in duplicate for all money disbursed, one of which duplicate vouchers shall be forwarded to the Auditor General as hereinafter directed; and for all money that shall come into his hands, except from the State treasury (for which he shall receipt as may now be provided by law), he shall issue triplicate receipts, one of which shall be delivered to the person from whom such money is received, and one shall be forwarded to the Auditor General, at the same time and in the same manner as is provided in the case of vouchers for money expended; and such vouchers and receipts shall be accompanied by abstracts under oath, of receipts and expenditures during the period covered thereby; and also by an account current setting forth the amount on hand at the commencement of such period, the amount received during, and the amount on hand at the close thereof.

Vouchers and receipts.

To be accompanied by abstracts under oath; also, by account current.

Vouchers, etc.,
to be examined,
etc., by Auditor
General.

§ 367. = SEC. 3. Such account current, abstract, vouchers, and receipts, when received by the Auditor General, shall be examined by him, and if found correct shall be so indorsed by him; and all vouchers for expenditures, so far as the amount thereof shall appear to be for lawful purposes, he shall audit, and the date of audit, and the amount thereof shall be indorsed across the back of such voucher. And when so examined, indorsed, or audited, shall be retained and filed in the office of the Auditor General.

Auditor General to furnish
blanks for receipts, vouchers,
etc.

§ 368. = SEC. 4. The Auditor General shall prescribe the form and cause to be printed, and shall furnish at the expense of the State, all blanks for receipts, vouchers, and accounts current made necessary for use by this act; and he shall keep an account with every officer of all receipts or disbursements as set forth or covered thereby: *Provided*, that all vouchers for expenditures and all receipts shall set forth each and every item for which any disbursements were made or for which any money was received.

Proviso.

Money appropriated by
legislature for
state institutions, how
drawn.

§ 369. = SEC. 5. Money appropriated by any act of the legislature for the use or benefit of any State educational, charitable, reformatory, or penal institution, or to be disbursed by any officer, may be drawn from the State treasury, upon the warrant of the Auditor General, as follows, viz.: Under appropriations for current expenses monthly, or quarterly for *pro rata* amounts; and under appropriations for purposes other than current expenses, at such intervals and for such amounts as may best meet the purposes of such appropriations; but at no time shall an amount be in excess of the amount necessary for the current month, as shown by the requisition of the proper officer or board, to be made in writing and under oath; nor shall the Auditor General draw his warrant for money to be placed in the hands of any officer acting for the State, for disbursement, until vouchers covering the expenditure of money previously drawn or received to be expended for a like purpose shall be presented, examined, and audited as provided in section three of this act.

Meaning of the
term "officer,"
as used in this
act.

§ 370. = SEC. 6. The term "officer," as used in this act, shall be construed to include all commissioners, boards of commissioners, trustees, boards of trustees, inspectors, boards of inspectors, regents, boards of regents, agents, or other person or board of whatever denomination or character, receiving or disbursing money for the State, for or on account of any building or work for the State, or for the maintenance, or for the use or benefit of any State educational, charitable, reformatory, or penal, or other institution or organization, for or on account of any purpose whatsoever, under any act of appropriation or other law of this State.

SEC. 7. Repealed 1881, p. 247, Act 206.

* § 371. = SEC. 8. The duplicate of the vouchers for expenditures and one of the receipts made shall be retained by the officer making expenditures or receiving the money covered thereby; and on or before the last day of the fiscal year of the State treasury, and at such other times as the Governor shall direct, such officer shall appear before the Board of State Auditors, with the vouchers and receipts properly abstracted and arranged, and accompanied by an account current setting forth the amount on hand at the commencement of such fiscal year; also the amount received or disbursed during the period covered

Officer to retain duplicate voucher and one of the receipts.

To appear before board of State auditors with vouchers, etc.

* The following bill (Senate bill No. 171, file No. 159), passed by the Senate and pending in the House, April 23, 1891, will, in the opinion of the Attorney General, if it becomes a law, render void § 371 above, and § 414 and § 415 on page 51.

A bill to amend sections 3, 4 and 5 of act 206 of the laws of 1881, being paragraphs 414 and 415 of chapter 13 of Howell's annotated statutes, relating to a uniform system of accounting in State institutions, and to add a new section thereto to be known as section 10.

SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact:* That sections 3, 4 and 5 of act 206 of the session laws of 1881, being sections 414 and 415 of chapter 13 of Howell's annotated statutes, and to add a new section thereto to be known as section 10, relative to a uniform system of accounting in State institutions be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 3. That the board of each State institution shall cause a full and accurate inventory, in duplicate, to be taken at the close of its fiscal year next preceding the regular biennial session of the Legislature, by the officer in charge, which shall specify the number of acres of land and the value thereof, the number, kind and value of buildings, the various kinds of personal property and value thereof, which inventory shall be signed by the officers making the same, and certified as being correct by the board for which it is made, one copy of which shall be made in a proper record book to be kept for that purpose in the institution, the other shall be filed in the office of the Auditor General on or before the first day of November following. Any board of any State institution may in its discretion, cause such property to be appraised on oath by two disinterested and competent appraisers to be appointed for that purpose by the board, and a summary of each inventory made shall be published in the report of the institution of that year and a sufficient number of copies furnished the Secretary of State in the following December for each member of the Legislature: *Provided further,* That each State institution shall file with the Auditor General in the month of July, 1891, a complete inventory as herein described.

Inventory, how made.

SEC. 4. Every educational, charitable, penal and reformatory institution, boards or commissions disbursing public money, shall, in proper books for that purpose, keep a regular account of all moneys received and disbursed, and the receipts from and expenditures for and on account of each department of business, or for the construction of buildings or improvement of the premises; and in those institutions where farming and gardening operations are carried on the accounts shall be so kept as to show, as near as practicable, the cost of carrying on the farm or garden and the quantity and value of the productions of the same, with the cost of live stock raised or fattened for the use of the institution, and the quantity and value thereof; and where manufacturing operations are carried on the cost and result of each separate branch of manufacture, and the quality and value of all manufactured articles sold or used in the institution, so as to clearly exhibit the receipts and expenditures in each department of business carried on in the institution, and the cost of educating and maintaining each student or inmate therein. That the accounts of receipts and disbursements in all State institutions shall be rendered monthly to the Auditor General on blanks to be furnished by him, and shall conform as near as may be practicable to a uniform system. To accomplish this result the Auditor General, by himself, his deputy or general accountant, may visit any institution at any time, examine the books, papers and accounts of any institution, prescribe such methods of bookkeeping as he shall deem proper for said institutions, and make such a classification of receipts and expenditures as shall be the same for similar institutions: *Provided further,* That in making such a classification of accounts he shall notify the board of each institution affected thereby, that a meeting will be held in Lansing, Mich., on some day in May, 1891, to be designated by him, at which meeting each institution may send one delegate, which, together with the Auditor General and general accountant, shall determine by a majority vote of those present the classification to be used, which classification shall be adopted by all institutions designated by the Auditor General on and after June 30, 1891.

Accounts, how kept.

Auditing.

Classification.

SEC. 5. Every officer, board, commission or agent disbursing public funds shall make an annual settlement with the State within thirty days after the close of each fiscal year and at such other times as the Governor shall direct. Such settlement shall be made with the Auditor General upon a sworn statement setting forth the amount on hand at the commencement of each fiscal year; also the amount received or disbursed during the period covered thereby, and the amount on hand at the close of each year. Upon the presentation of such statement, the Auditor General shall make an examination thereof, and if found correct so signify by endorsement across the face of the statement. A copy of such report shall be published as a part of the annual report of such disbursing officer and of the Auditor General, and said statement so endorsed, together with all papers presented by such officer, shall be returned to him for safe keeping, and remain on file in his office.

Annual settlement.

SEC. 10. All acts or parts of acts with which the foregoing provisions are in conflict, are hereby repealed.

Settlement
with board and
publication of
statement of
same, etc.

thereby, and the amount on hand at the close thereof. Upon the presentation of such vouchers, receipts, abstracts, and accounts current, the Board of State Auditors shall, after an examination thereof, make a settlement with each officer designated by this act, and a full statement of such settlement shall be incorporated with and published as a part of the annual report made by such officers; and an abstract of such settlement shall be published as a part of the proceedings of the Board of State Auditors. Such settlement shall be indorsed upon the abstract by the chairman of the board, and said abstract so indorsed shall, together with all papers presented by such officer, be returned to him for safe keeping and remain on file in his office.

Acts repealed.

§ 372. = SEC. 9. All acts and parts of acts, so far as they contravene the provisions of this act, are hereby superseded.

LAW AS TO REPORTS.*

Report of secre-
tary of State
board of agri-
culture; what
to embrace.

Acts of 1889, page 135, No. 122, May 31, Section 8. That the secretary of the State board of agriculture shall report to the legislature at every regular session thereof, and to the Governor on the first Wednesday of January of each year when the legislature is not in session, which report shall embrace all statements, accounts, statistics, prize essays, and other information relative to agriculture in general, proceedings of the State board of agriculture, of the State agricultural college and farm, of the State agricultural society, and of the county and district agricultural societies, to be approved by the board; that eight thousand copies of this report shall be printed and bound annually prior to the first day of June and delivered to the Secretary of State, who shall deliver to the State board of agriculture four thousand copies, to be distributed by the secretary of said State board of agriculture as the board shall direct, and the remaining four thousand copies to be distributed prior to the first day of September, to the secretary of the State agricultural society, to the secretary of the State grange and to the secretaries of the various district and county societies, as equally as may be according to the population of said counties, to be by said secretaries distributed among the various viewing committees of county and district fairs, giving one volume of said report to each of said committees as shall be present and discharge the duties of the office on the day of the county and district fairs; and in addition to the foregoing there shall be published a number of copies of said report equal to the number of reports bound as joint documents, which shall be disposed of in the same manner as the joint documents; also a sufficient number of copies to supply crop correspondents with one copy each, which shall be distributed by the Secretary of State.

Number to be
published and
how distributed.

Additional
copies and dis-
tribution of
the same.

FISCAL YEAR—TIME FOR REPORTS.

§ 353. (230.) 1871, p. 197, Apr. 15, Act 126; Am. 1887, p. 132, May 21, Act 116. SECTION 1. *The People of the State*

* See also §5008, p. 23.

of *Michigan enact*, That the present fiscal year of the State shall close June 30, 1887, and that thereafter the fiscal year shall commence July 1 and close June 30. fiscal year.

§ 354. (231.) *Am. 1887, p. 132, May 21. Act 116.* SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of all officers, boards or institutions from whom annual or biennial reports are required, to make their several reports for the fiscal period, or periods, defined in section one of this act, and to cause their respective reports to be placed in the hands of the printer of the laws of this State, for publication, as soon as practicable after the close of the fiscal year. Reports, when to be made.

§ 355. (232.) SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of each of said officers to examine and correct the proof-sheets and superintend the publication of his report, and each of said boards shall appoint one of its members or some other suitable person, who shall superintend the publication of its report. Publication of reports.

STATE INSTITUTIONS AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO REPORTS THEREFROM.

§ 412. 1881, p. 247, June 2, Sept. 10, Act 206. SECTION 1. *The People of the State of Michigan enact*, That all educational, charitable, reformatory, and penal institutions, supported wholly or in part by the State, shall be known as State institutions. State institutions.

§ 413. SEC. 2. The board of each State institution shall, by the first day of November preceding the regular sessions of the Legislature, make out and present to the Governor a detailed statement of the operations of the institutions for the two fiscal years closing on the thirtieth day of the preceding September, which shall include the report of the superintendent, warden, or other proper chief officer, for the same period, and a report of the treasurer of all receipts and disbursements made during the same period, which report shall be furnished the State printer for publication by the first day of November of the year when made. That such reports shall show at the time of making the same, in detail, the number and names of the various professors, superintendents, officials, and all other regular employes, and the wages or salary paid to each, and what, if any, other emoluments are allowed, and to whom. The boards of each State institution, which is essentially educational in character, shall also annually, before the first day of November, make out and present to the superintendent of public instruction a manuscript report showing: Report to governor.

First, The condition of the educational interests of the institution;

Second, The number and names of the various professors, tutors, and instructors;

Third, The number of students or pupils in the several departments, and in the different classes;

Fourth, The courses of study pursued, and the books of instruction used; Report to superintendent of public instruction.

Fifth, Such other information and suggestions as said board may deem important, or the superintendent of public instruction may request, to embody in his annual report.

Inventory, how made.

§ 414. SEC. 3. * That the board of each State institution shall cause a full and accurate inventory, in duplicate, to be taken at the close of its fiscal year next preceding the regular biennial session of the Legislature, by the officer in charge, which shall specify the number of acres of land and the value thereof, the number, kind and value of buildings, the various kinds of personal property and the value thereof, which inventory shall be signed by the officer making the same, and certified as correct by the board for which it is made, one copy of which shall be made in a proper record book to be kept for that purpose in the institution, and the other shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State by the first day of November of the year when made. Any board of any State institution may in its discretion cause such property to be appraised on oath, by two disinterested and competent appraisers, to be appointed for that purpose by the board, and a summary of each inventory made shall be published in the biennial report.

Record of receipts and expenditures, how kept.

§ 415. SEC. 4. * Every educational, charitable, penal and reformatory institution, shall, in proper books for that purpose, keep a regular account of all moneys received and disbursed, and the receipts from and expenditures for and on account of each department of business, or for the construction of buildings, or the improvement of the premises; and in those institutions where farming and gardening operations are carried on, the accounts shall be so kept as to show, as near as practicable, the cost of carrying on the farm or garden and the quantity and value of the productions of the same, with the cost of live stock raised or fattened for the use of the institution, and the quantity and value thereof, and where manufacturing operations are carried on, the cost and result of each separate branch of manufacture, and the quality and value of all manufactured articles sold or used in the institution, so as to clearly exhibit the receipts and expenditures in each department of business carried on in the institution, and the cost of educating and maintaining each student or inmate therein. That the accounts of receipts and disbursements in all State institutions shall conform as near as may be practicable to a uniform system, and to accomplish this result the Auditor General is authorized to prescribe such a system of accounts as he shall deem proper for said institutions, which shall secure as near as may be such uniformity.

Account of expenses of members of boards.

§ 416. SEC. 5. * The accounts of members of boards of State institutions for official expenses and services, or either, where allowed by law, shall first be certified to be correct by the board to which the member belongs, and then shall be audited by the board of State auditors and paid from the general fund.

Board to recommend appropriations.

§ 417. SEC. 6. The boards of State institutions shall, in their biennial reports, recommend what amounts in its opinion are

* For proposed amendment see page 51 ante.

needed for the next two years for ordinary current expenses and for special purposes by the institution so reporting, with the reasons for such recommendations.

UNITED STATES LAWS.

STANDARD WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Joint resolution No. 26, March 3, 1881. *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby directed to cause a complete set of all the weights and measures adopted as standards to be delivered to the Governor of each state in the Union, for the use of agricultural colleges in the States, respectively, which have received a grant of lands from the United States, and also one set of the same for the use of the Smithsonian Institution: *Provided*, That the cost of each set shall not exceed two hundred dollars, and a sum sufficient to carry out the provisions of this resolution is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Standard weights and measures to be delivered to certain colleges.

Limit of cost.

FREE IMPORTATION OF SCIENTIFIC APPARATUS, ETC.

Tariff Act of October 1, 1890.

51st Congress, 1st Session, Ch. 1244, SEC. 2. On and after the sixth day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety, unless otherwise specially provided for in this act, the following articles when imported shall be exempt from duty:

Free list.

515. Books, maps, lithographic prints, and charts, specially imported, not more than two copies in any one invoice, in good faith for the use of any society incorporated or established for educational, philosophical, literary or religious purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use or by the order of any college, academy, school, or seminary of learning in the United States, subject to such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Books, etc.

677. Philosophical and scientific apparatus, instruments and preparations; statuary, casts of marble, bronze, alabaster, or plaster of Paris; paintings, drawings, and etchings, specially imported in good faith for the use of any society or institution incorporated or established for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific, or literary purposes, or for encouragement of the fine arts, and not intended for sale.

Apparatus and objects of art.

692. Regalia and gems, statues, statuary and specimens of sculpture where specially imported in good faith for the use of any society incorporated or established solely for educational, philosophical, literary, or religious purposes, or for the encouragement of fine arts, or for the use or by the order of any college, academy, school, seminary of learning, or public library in the United States; but the term "regalia" as herein used shall be held to embrace only such insignia of rank or office or

Statuary, etc.

emblems, as may be worn upon the person or borne in the hand during public exercises of the society or institution, and shall not include articles of furniture or fixtures, or of regular wearing apparel, nor personal property of individuals.

Museum
specimens.

712. Specimens of natural history, botany and mineralogy, when imported for cabinets or as objects of science, and not for sale.

Donations.

757. Works of art, the production of American artists residing temporarily abroad, or other works of art, including pictorial paintings on glass, imported expressly for presentation to a rational institution, or to any State or municipal corporation, or incorporated religious society, college, or other public institution, except stained or painted window glass or stained or painted glass windows; but such exemption shall be subject to such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

Objects for
exhibition.

759. Works of art, collections in illustration of the progress of the arts, sciences or manufactures, photographs, works in terra-cotta, parian, pottery, or porcelain, and artistic copies of antiquities in metal or other material hereafter imported in good faith for permanent exhibition at a fixed place by any society or institution established for the encouragement of the arts or of science, and all like articles imported in good faith by any society or association for the purpose of erecting a public monument, and not intended for sale, nor for any other purpose than herein expressed; but bonds shall be given under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for the payment of lawful duties which may accrue should any of the articles aforesaid be sold, transferred, or used contrary to this provision, and such articles shall be subject, at any time, to examination and inspection by the proper officers of the customs: *Provided*, That the privileges of this and the preceding section shall not be allowed to associations or corporations engaged in or connected with business of a private or commercial character.

ALCOHOL FOR SCIENTIFIC USE.

Section 3297 Revised Statutes of the United States, 1878.

Withdrawal
of alcohol
untaxed.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to grant permits to any incorporated or chartered scientific institution or college of learning to withdraw alcohol in specified quantities from bond without payment of the internal revenue tax on the same, or on the spirits from which the alcohol has been distilled, for the sole purpose of preserving specimens of anatomy, physiology or natural history belonging to such institution, or for use in its chemical laboratory: *Provided*, That application for permits shall be made by the president or curator of such institution, who shall file a bond for double the amount of the tax on the alcohol to be withdrawn, with two good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the commissioner of internal revenue and conditioned that the whole quantity of alcohol so with-

Purpose.

Proviso.

Bond.

Sureties.

drawn from bond shall be used for the purposes above specified, and for no other, and that the said president or curator shall comply with such other requirements and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. And if any alcohol so obtained is used by any officer, as aforesaid, of such institution for any purposes other than that above specified, then the said officer or sureties shall pay the tax on the whole amount of alcohol withdrawn from bond, together with a like amount as a penalty in addition thereto.

Forty-fifth Congress, Session 2, Chapter 88, May 3, 1878.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby authorized to grant permits, as provided for in section 3297 of the revised statutes of the United States, passed at the 1st session of the 43d Congress, to any scientific university, or college of learning created and constituted such by any State or Territory under its laws, though not incorporated or chartered, upon the same terms and subject to the same restrictions and penalties, already provided by said section 3297: *Provided further,* That the bond required thereby may be executed by any officer of such university or college, or by any other person for it, and on its behalf, with two good and sufficient sureties, upon like conditions, and to be approved as by said section is provided.

Penalty.

Unincorporated colleges may withdraw alcohol for scientific use.

Bond.

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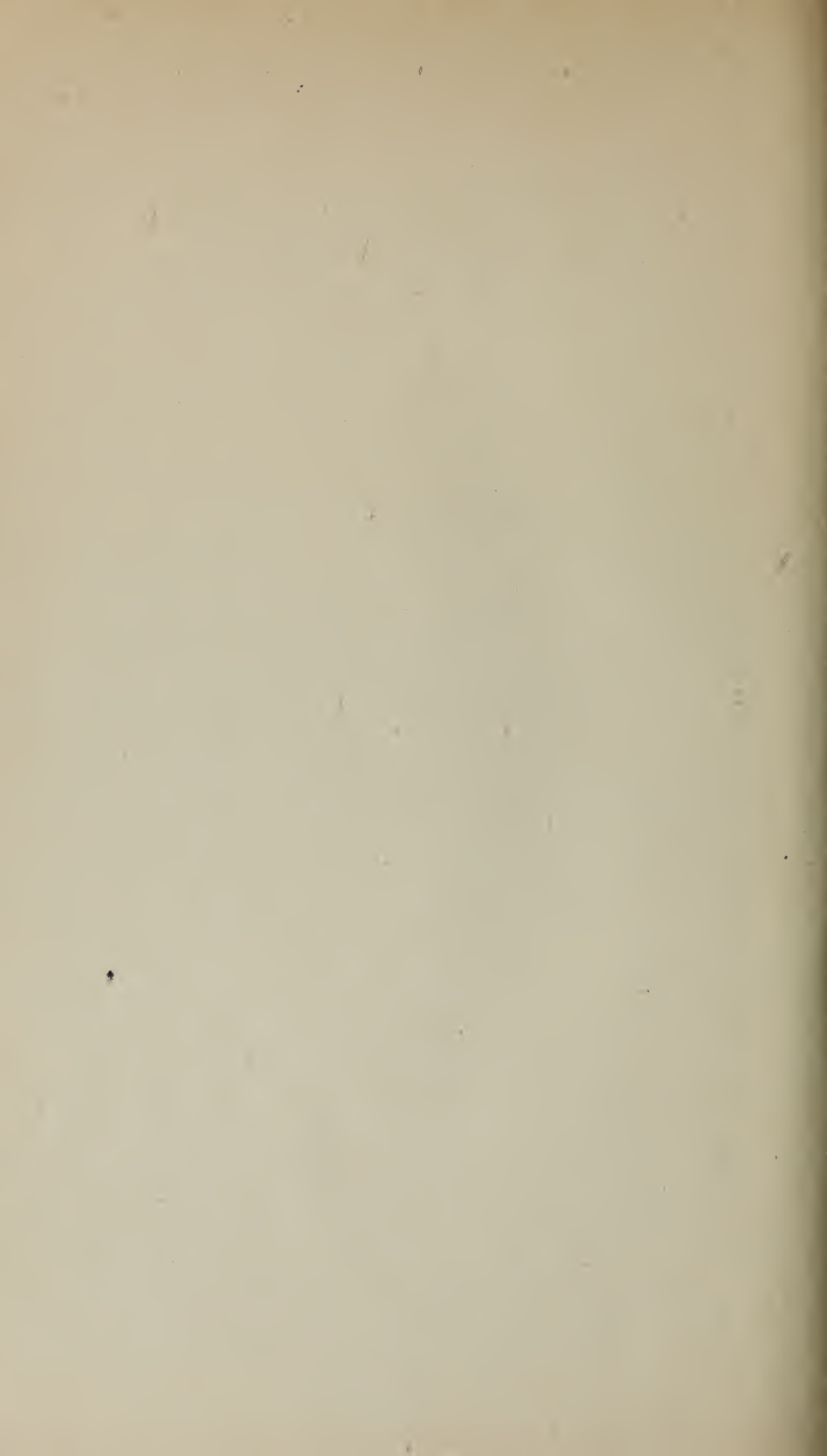
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